

murbr@cyber.net.pk Fax 051-5584420 Tel: 051-5567041-47 3-National Park Road, Rawalpindi Murree Brewery Company Limited



Website: www.murreebrewery.com E-mail: murree.brewery@murreebrewery.com





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We Only Offer



A Reasonable Price

Excellence in Quality & Innovation

A Genuine Pakistani Brand

LET THE CUSTOMER DECIDE

Others call it "Marketing Support", "Trade Promotion", "Exclusivity Rights", "Shelf placement"we call it <u>UNFAIR TRADE PRACTICES</u>. Millions of rupees are exchanging hands above and below the table in the garb of product promotion. Trade institutions are being bribed & forced to keep/sell only specific products. We at Murree Sparkletts believe all such practices are unethical. We say LET THE CUSTOMER DECIDE which product to consume. By dishing out millions of rupees, beverage companies are depriving the public at large their right of choice. SAY NO TO INVISIBLE CORRUPTION.



Campaign launched by Murree Brewery Company in the Print and Electronic Media



Revamped water station dedicated in the name of late employee/incharge of water works serving MBC for almost 4 decades.



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VISION STATEMENT

Our office is in the market

MISSION STATEMENT

We the people of Murree Brewery Co. Ltd make personal commitment to first understand our customers' requirement then to meet & exceed their expectations, by performing the correct tasks on time and every time through:

C ontinuous improvement

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A lignment of our missions & goals

 ${f R}$ esponsibility and respect of our jobs and each other

E ducate one another

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ESTABLISHED 1860 CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Chairman Chief Executive Officer Directors

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary Head of Internal Audit General Manager (Brewery Division) **Business Manager (Murree Glass)** Plant Manager (1 1) General Manager (Tops) Factory Manager (Murree Sparkletts)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

HUMAN RESOURCE AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

AUDITORS

M/s KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants. 6th Floor, State Life Bldg, Jinnah Avenue, Islamabad.

Mr. Khurram Muzaffar Mr. Isphanyar M. Bhandara Ch. Mueen Afzal Mr. Aamir H. Shirazi Mrs. Goshi M. Bhandara Lt. Gen (Retd.) Zarrar Azim Prof. Khalid Aziz Mirza Mr. Shahbaz Haider Agha

Mr. Mazhar Iqbal Ch. Waqar A. Kahloon Malik Saqib Mr. Mohammad Javed Mr. Arshad Zaheer Mr. Zaka ud Din Mr. Talat Yaqoob Mr. Fayyaz Ahmad

Lt. Gen (Retd.) Zarrar Azim (Chairman) Ch. Mueen Afzal Mr. Khurram Muzaffar Prof. Khalid Aziz Mirza

(Member) (Member) (Member)

Mr. Shahbaz Haider Agha (Chairman) (Member) Mr. Khurram Muzaffar Mrs. Goshi M. Bhandara (Member) Lt. Gen (Retd.) Zarrar Azim (Member)

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Askari Commercial Bank Ltd, Islamabad Standard Chartered Bank, Islamabad National Bank of Pakistan, Rawalpindi / Hattar Bank Alfalah Ltd, Rawalpindi The Bank of Khyber, Hattar. Allied Bank Ltd, Rwp / Lhr / Gujranw / F.Abad / Multan Sahiwal / Murree / Sargodha United Bank Limited, Islamabad.

ESTABLISHED 1860 CORPORATE INFORMATION

REGISTERED OFFICE

Murree Brewery Company Limited 3-National Park Road, Rawalpindi Tel: 051-5567041-47, Fax: 051-5584420. E-mail: <u>murree.brewery@murreebrewery.com</u> <u>murbr@cyber.net.pk</u> Website: <u>www.murreebrewery.com</u>

FACTORIES

- (1) <u>Murree Brewery Company Limited</u> 3-National Park Road, Rawalpindi Tel: 051-5567041-47, Fax 051-5584420
- (2) (a) <u>Tops Food & Beverages.</u> 3-National Park Road, Rawalpindi Tel: 051-5567041-47, Fax 051-5565461
 - (b) Plot No. 14/1, Phase III, Industrial Estate, Hattar, District Haripur (K.P.K) Tel: 0995-617013, 617493, 617494
- (3) <u>Murree Sparkletts</u> Plot, No. 10/2, Phase-III, Industrial Estate, Hattar, District Haripur (K.P.K)
- (4) Murree Glass Plot No. 24, Phase III, Industrial Estate, Hattar. District Haripur (K.P.K) Tel: 0995-617233, Fax: 0995-617188
 - (i) Tops Food & Beverages, 121/3, Industrial Estate, Kot Lakhpat, Lahore. (Tel: 042-5117501)
 - (ii) Aziz Chowk Pindi Bypass, Galla Sonica Industry, G.T Road, Gujranwala (Tele: 055-3891571)
 - (iii) Mansoora Abad
 Near Sant Sing Railway Gate
 Jumra Road, Faisalabad
 Tele: (041-8522182 & 2420580)

- (iv) Mohallah Noorpura, Bahawalpur Bypass Road, Multan Ph: 061-4232964 Mob: 0345-8597704
- (v) 164/B, Near Winter Time, Small Industries Estate, Sahiwal Mob: 0335-5611125 0321-6954001
- (vi) Ratti Gali, Ayoubia Road, Murree Mob: 0335-5111047
- (vii) Plot No. 28-B Small Industrial Estate Opp. Siddique Kantawala Main Lahore Road, Sargodha Mob #: 0335-5611103 <u>SHARE REGISTRAR</u>

CDC Share Registrar Services Limited CDC House 99-B, Block 'B' SMCHS, Main Shahra-e-Faisal Karachi-74400. Tel: +(92-21)111-111-500 Fax: +(92-21)034326053, Email: info@cdcsrsl.com LEGAL ADVISORS

- (i) Hamid Law Associates, 409-410, Alfalah Building, Shahrah-e-Quaid-e-Azam, Lahore. Tel: 042-6301801
- (ii) Mr. Umer Abdullah (Advocate) Chaudhary Law Associates Advocate High Court Flats No. 5 & 6, 1st Floor, MICCOP Centre, 1. Mozang Road, Lahore. Cell # 0300-8430877-0345-8412222
- (iii) Mr. Waqar Ahmad Bandesha Law Associates 241-District Courts, Faisalabad

TAX ADVISOR Naseem Zafar Associates 16-A, First Floor, Sadiq Plaza, 69-Shahrah-e-Quaid-e-Azam, Lahore. Tel: 042-6360275-6

DIRECTORS' REVIEW

The Board of Directors of Murree Brewery Company Limited takes pleasure in presenting their review on financial performance and affairs of the Company together with the Auditor's reviewed financial statements for the six months period ended 31st December, 2019.

A brief review of the Company's financial performance for the six months period against the corresponding period of the last year is as follows:-

Rs in million

FINANCIAL OVERVIEW & HIGHLIGHTS

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Sales revenue (Net)	increased by	1.3%	from	4,681	to	4,742
Gross Profit	decreased by	9.7%	from	1,544	to	1,395
Profit before Taxation	decreased by	9.1%	from	968	to	880
Profit after Taxation	decreased by	10.5%	from	658	to	589
Earnings per share	decreased by	10.5%	from	Rs. 23.78	to	Rs. 21.28

The profitability of the Company has decreased during the half year ended 31st December, 2019 as compared to the corresponding period of the last year. Overall sales reflected 1.3% growth over the last corresponding period, but the profit after tax declined by 10.5% in the current half year, principally due to the rise in the cost of sales due to dearer cost of both imports and local material. The impact of the two years settlement with the Collective Bargaining Agent (CBA) from 1st July, 2019 is also included for 6 months in the above figures.

IMPORTANT ISSUES:

i. Ban on Liquor Sale in Sindh:

Sindh Wine Association got a stay from the Supreme Court against the Sindh High Court order dated 27th October, 2016 and their appeal is pending before the Supreme Court.

ii. Still Head Duty:

Sindh Wine Association has won the case which was filed by the Punjab Government in the Lahore High Court, Lahore. However, Punjab Excise is still taking extra duty from non-Punjab wine dealers, as Punjab Excise filed an appeal and got a stay from the Supreme Court.

iii. Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC):

The Company and Industry challenged the GIDC Act, 2015 and filed a Writ Petition in the Lahore High Court including retrospective application of the provision of the GIDC Act.

There are periods subsequent to January, 2014 when stay has been granted to the Company and the total amount unpaid due to stay is Rs.241 million up to 31^{st} December, 2019 (31^{st} December, 2018: Rs.192.06 million).

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The Government is reviewing the entire GIDC levy and the Company will take appropriate action after a decision is announced by the Government.

iv. Tax on water consumption for commercial use:

The Supreme Court of Pakistan announced taxation of the beverage industry Re.1 per liter of surface and underground water which would not be passed on to the consumers. The order issued effective from December 2018 applies to all industries consuming water in Pakistan the rules for which have not yet been issued. The beverage industry has lodged a review petition, which is pending in the Supreme Court.

INTERIM DIVIDEND:

The Directors have today declared second interim cash dividend @100% (i.e. Rs.10 per share) for the year ending 30^{th} June, 2020. This is in addition to 1^{st} interim cash dividend already paid @50% (i.e. Rs.5 per share).

CONTRIBUTION TO NATIONAL EXCHEQUER:

Your company contributed a sum of Rs.2,812 million in the six months period ended 31^{st} December, 2019 (31^{st} December, 2018 : Rs.2,713 million) to the Government exchequer on account of duty and taxes.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY :

Your Company always takes interest in its social responsibility and gives donations to charitable institutions, hospitals and trusts.

Your company continued with its pro-environment initiatives with trees-plantation in Rawalpindi and in its Hattar property.

TOP 25 COMPANIES AWARD BY PAKISTAN STOCK EXCHANGE (PSX):

Your Company was selected amongst the "Top 25 Companies" by PSX for the year 2017 in recognition of Company's policy and practice of transparency, disclosure of required information and compliance with financial reporting standards, provisions of Companies Act, 2017 and listing regulations. The award was received by the Company at a ceremony organized by PSX in Karachi.

OUTLOOK:

The Company is facing a challenging operating environment with higher utility prices and low GDP growth. It has been burdened with costlier gas and electricity. Currently inflation is in double digits.

Your company is the oldest in the territorial limits of Pakistan, its operations are solely in Pakistan and is not allowed exports of alcoholic drinks. It has always adopted a long-term policy on investment in plant, equipment and manpower and has the ability to invest in them irrespective of the level of annual profitability. The policy has enabled the Company to successfully complete 160 years of operations in which there have been many difficult years the worst at the time of partition of India in 1947.

We have over 2,000 employees and a large number of suppliers of raw material and distribution of our products. They and their families' livelihood is dependent on the continued operations of the company which has been achieved strictly conforming to the laws and regulations of Pakistan.

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The year to 30th June 2020 is going to be another difficult one but with its long-term policy the Company should continue to provide reasonable returns to its shareholders and protect their investment. Dividends have been paid annually for several decades and even today our Rs.10 share is quoted at a premium of over Rs.600 on the PSX providing value to shareholders.

APPRECIATION:

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The Board would like to record its appreciation of the management team together with the other employees for their work and loyalty to the Company. The Board also extends its gratitude to all business stakeholders, Government Authorities and shareholders for their support in achieving the company's objectives.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Isphanyar M. Bhandara Chief Executive Officer

Rawalpindi 25th February, 2020

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Khurram Muzaffar Chairman

قومی خزانے میں معاونت:

آپ کی کمپنی نے 31 دسمبر 2019 کوختم شدہ چھاہ *کے عرصے می*ں 2,812 ملین روپ ڈیوٹی اور ٹیکسز کی مدمیں قومی خزانے میں جح کروائے ہیں (31 دسمبر، 2018 تک 2,713 ملین روپ) **اوارہ جاتی سارگی ذمہداری**:

آپ کی کمپنی ہمیشہ اپنی سماجی ذمہ داری میں دلچ پی لیتی ہے اور خیراتی اداروں ،سپتالوں اور ٹرسٹس کو چندہ دیتی رہتی ہے۔ آپ کی کمپنی نے ماحولیاتی بہتری کے لئے اقدامات جاری رکھتے ہوئے راولپنڈی اوراس کی ھار پراپرٹی میں درخت لگانے کی مہم کا آغاز بھی کیا ہے۔

پاکستان سٹاک ایکیچینج PSN کی طرف سے بہترین 25 کمپنیوں کوالیوارڈ:

PSX کی طرف سے سال2017 کے لئے آپ کی کمپنی کا انتخاب بہترین 25 کمپنیوں میں کیا گیا تھا جو کہ کمپنی کی پالیسی اور شفافیت پر یکش ، مطلوبہ معلومات کے اعلانات، فانینشل رپورشگ کے سنینڈ رڈ ز کی تقیل, کمپنیز کے ایک 2017 کی دفعات اور لسنٹک ریگولیشن کے اعتراف کی وجہ سے کیا گیا تھا۔ کمپنی نے یہ ایوارڈ کراچی میں PSX کے زیرا بہتما م ایک تقریب میں وصول کیا تھا۔ •

نقطه نظر:

قیتوں میں اضافے اور GDP کی شرح میں کی کے باعث کمپنی کوشد یو چیلینگ حالات کا سامنا ہےاب اس پر میتکی گیس اور بحلی کا یو جو بھی پڑا ہے۔ اس وقت افراط زرک سطح دوہندسوں تک پنچ تجلی ہے۔ آپ کی کمپنی پاکستان کی علاقائی حدود میں سب سے پُرانی ہےاں کے آپر شنز صرف پاکستان میں میں اور اے الکوحل ڈرکس برآ مدکرنے کی اجازت نہیں ہےاس نے ہمیشہ ملانٹ، ساز وسامان اور انفراد کی قوت بڑھانے میں سرما یہ کاری کے بارے میں ایک طویل مدتی پالیسی اینائی ہے اور سالانہ منافع کی سطح قطع نظر ہوتے ہوئے ان میں سرما یہ کاری کرنے کی صلاحیت رکھتی ہے۔ اس فی میں نے سری انفراد ی اپنے 160 سال کے آپر شنز کا میابی سے کھل کرنے میں مدود کی ہے جس میں 1947 میں تقدیم ہند کے وقت بہت مشکل سال بھی شامل رہے ہیں۔

ہمارے پاس دوہزارے زائد ملاز مین میں اور ہم اپنی مصنوعات کی تقسیم اورخام مال کے بہت بڑی تعداد میں سپلائرز میں ۔تمام ملاز مین اوران کے اہل خانہ کی محاش کا اُتھاراس کمپنی کے مسلسل آ پریشنز پر ہے جو پاکستان کے توانین اور ضوالط پرختی ہے مل کرتی ہے۔

30 جون 2020 کوکمل ہونے والاموجودہ سال بھی ایک مشکل سال لگ رہا ہے لیکن اپنی طویل المعیا دیالیسی کے ساتھ کمپنی کواپیخ صص داران کو معقول منافع فراہم کرمااوران کی سرمایکاری کو محفوظ رکھنا چاہیے۔ منافع منقسمہ سالانہ بنی دہائیوں سے ادا کیا جارہا ہے اور تن کہ آج بھی ہمارے 10 روپ کے تصص کو PSX پر 60 روپ مدیر سرمان مدہ دو

خدمات کااعتراف:

بورڈ انتظامی ٹیم سے ہمراہ اپنے ملازیٹن سے عزم، تعادن اور شراکت کوسراہتا ہے اوران کاشکر گزارہے۔ بورڈ کمپنی سے مقاصد کو حاصل کرنے میں تمام کاروباری سنیک ہولڈرزسر کاری حکام اور تصص داران کے تعادن پران کا بھی شکر بیادا کرتے ہیں

بورڈ کی جانب سے <u>بر کی جانب سے</u>

اسفديا رايم بجنڈ ارا

· kingaffar.	
خرم مظفر	
چيئر مين	

چیف ایگزیکٹیوآ فیسر راولینڈی 25 فروری، 2020

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مری بروری کمپنی کمیٹر

د انرَ يکٹرز کا جائزہ

مری بروری کمپنی کمپیٹر کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز 31 دسمبر 2019 کواختتام پذیر ہونے والی ششاہی کے لئے آڈیٹر کا جائزہ شدہ مالی شیٹنٹ کے ساتھ ساتھ کمپنی کی مالیاتی کارکردگی اور معاملات پر اپنا جائزہ بیش کرتے ہوئے خوش محسوس کرتے ہیں۔

مالياتي جائزه اورا ہم نكات:

رو پیلین میں		, ,
4,742 - 4,681	اضافه %1.3	فروخت محصولات (خالص)
1,395 ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	کی %9.7	مجموعي منافع
880 - 968	کی %9.1	قبل ازئيكس منافع
589 <i>-</i> 658	کی %10.5	بعداز تيكس منافع
23.78 ـــــ 21.28	کی %10.5	آمدن فی ^{حص} ص

گذشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں 31 دسمبر 2019 کوانتقام پذیرہونے والے نصف سال کے دوران کمپنی کے منافع میں کی ہوئی ہے۔مجموع طور پرفر وخت کی شرح میں پیچلے عرصے کے مقابلے میں 31 کا اضافہ دیکھنے میں آیالین روان نصف سال میں نیکس اداکر نے کے بعد منافع کی شرح میں 10.5 کی کی ہوئی۔ بنیا دی طور پر قیمت فروخت میں اضافے کی وجہ درآ مدات اور مقامی سامان دونوں کی قیمتوں کا زیادہ ہونا ہے، تم جولائی 2019 سے کلیلڈ پار گینگ ایجنٹ (CBA) کے ساتھ دوسال کا معاہدہ طے پانے کے اثر ات کوتھی مندرجہ بالا اعداد وشار میں 60 ہ کے لئے شامل کرلیا گیا ہے۔ اہم مسائل:

i- سندهمیں شراب کی فروخت پر پابندی:

سندھوائن ایسوی ایشن نے سندھ ہائی کورٹ کے حکم مورخہ 27 اکتوبر،2016 کے خلاف سپریم کورٹ سے حکم امتناعی لے رکھا ہےاوران کی درخواست سپریم کورٹ میں زیرالتواء ہے۔ ii سیٹل ہیڈ ڈیوٹی:

سند دوائن ایہوی ایشن نے مقد مہ جیت لیا ہے جو کہ پنجا ب تکومت نے لاہور ہائی کورٹ میں دائر کررکھا تھا۔ پنجاب ایسا تزاب بھی نان- پنجاب دائن ڈیلرز سے ایکسٹراڈیوٹی وصول کررہا ہے کیونکہ پنجاب ایک انزنے ایک انیک دائر کررکھی ہےادر سپر یم کورٹ سے تکم اقتناعی حاصل کررکھا ہے۔

iii- كيس انفراسر كچر ڈيويلپمنٽ سيس GIDC:

سمپنی اورانڈسٹری نے GIDC ایک 2015 کو بیٹنج کیا ہوا ہے اور GIDC ایک پنظر ثانی کی درخواست کے ساتھ لاہور ہائی کورٹ میں ایک رٹ پیڈین بھی جنح کر دائی ہوئی ہے۔ جنوری 2014 ء کے بعد ان عرصوں میں جب مینی کو حکم امتناعی دے دیا گیا تھا اور غیر اداشدہ داجب الا داکل قرم 315 دسمبر 2018 میں میں جب کی می ڈی تی کی کمل صورتحال کا جائزہ لے رہی ہے اور کمپنی حکومت کی جانب سے فیصلے کے اعلان کے بعد مناسب قدم اٹھائی گی۔

iv- تجارتی استعال کے لئے پانی کے استعال برشیکس:

سپریم کورٹ آف پاکستان نے اپنے ارادے کا اظہار کیا تھا کہ بیورین انڈسٹری کوسطح زینن اورز پر زمین پانی سے ایک لیٹر پر ایک روپے کائیکس عا کد ہوگا جسے صارفین سے وصول نہیں کیا جائے گا۔ یہ جاری کردہ تھم دسمبر 2018ء سے مؤثر اور تمام صنعتوں پر لاگو ہے جو پاکستان میں پانی کا استعال کرتے ہیں۔اس کیلے تو اعداب تک جاری نہیں کیے گئے ہیں۔ بیورین انڈسٹری نے ایک نظر ثانی کی درخواست دائر کررکھی ہے جو سپر یم کورٹ میں زیر ساعت ہے۔

عبوري منافع منقسمه:

ڈائر کیٹرزنے30 جون، 2020 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے دوسر عبوری منافع منقسمہ کا اعلان کیا ہے جو کہ 100 فیصد کی شرح سے یعنی 10 روپے فی تصص ہے بیعبوری منافع منقسمہ پہلے سے ادا کئے گئے پہلے منافع منقسمہ 50 فیصد کی شرح یعنی 5 روپے فی تصص کے علاوہ ادا کیا جائے گا۔

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS'REVIEW REPORT

To the members of Murree Brewery Company Limited Report on Review of Interim Financial Statements

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim statement of financial position of Murree Brewery Company Limited as at 31 December 2019 and the related condensed interim statement of profit or loss, condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of changes in equity, and condensed interim statement of cash flows, and notes to the financial statements for the six-month period then ended (here-in-after referred to as the "interim financial statements"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting.

Other Matter

The figures for the three-month period ended 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2018, in the condensed interim statement of profit or loss and condensed interim statement of comprehensive income have not been reviewed and we do not express a conclusion on them.

The engagement partner on the engagement resulting in this independent auditors' report is Inam Ullah Kakra.

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KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants Date: 28th February 2020

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	Unr-Audited Audited 31-Dec-19 30-Jun-19 Note (Rs.'000)		6 5,341,107 5,396,042	1,560 1,820		334,166 325,116 13.575 11.335			22,494 21,934 4 364 769 6 376 140							1.751.860 1.568.204			348,715 444,729	393.070 317.802	-	5,326,531 5,376,929	11,683,313 11,752,069			. King after:	DIRECTOR
Murree Brewery Company Limited Condensed Interim Statement of Financial Position As at 31 December 2019	Audited 30-Jun-19 (Rs. 900)	0130000	276,636 Property, plant and equipment	30,681 Intangible asset	6,881,531 Advances for capital expenditures	Investment properties 2.837.111 Lono term advances		-	Employee benefits	NOD-CULTURE assess	86,866	260,286	221,529	268,681	783 306	121.090 Inventories		vpv	_	Advance tax - net	Cash and bank balances	1,726,110 Current assets	11,752,069 Total assets			All and a second se	CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
Murree Brev Condensed Interia	Un-Audited Audi 31-Dec-19 30-Ju Note (Rs.'000) (R.'			30,681	7,091,583 6,	012 008 2	ļ				44,689		258,369	565,999	863308	66,714	99,054	62,912		1, 9044 1, 1, 0 1 1, 0 1 1, 0 1 1, 0 1 1, 0 1 1, 0 1 1, 0 1 1, 0 1 1, 0 1 1, 0 1 1, 0 1 1, 0 1 1, 0 1 1, 0 1 1		1,483,643 1,	11,683,313 11,	5	t of these financial statements.		~
		Share capital and reserves	Share capital	Capital reserve	Revenue reserves	Revaluation surplus on property, plant and continuent - not of tax	Total equity			LIABILITIES	Lease liabelities	Employee benefits	Deferred tax liability - net	Non-current liabilities	Teads and other eacebles	Contract liabilities	Current portion of lease liabilities	Unpaid dividend	Unclaimed dividend	CULTERIA LADUARES		Total liabilities	Total equity and liabilities	Contingencies and commitments	The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.	E. Sheer	CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

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Murree Brewery Company Limited Condensed Interim Statement of Profit or Loss (Unaudited) For the stx months ended 31 December 2019

		10	Tot	al		
		Quarter e Decen		Six months Decem		
		2019	2018	2019	2018	
	Note	(Rs.'000)	(Rs.'000)	(Rs.'000)	(Rs.'000)	
NET TURNOVER		2,012,959	1,923,943	4,742,276	4,680,887	
COST OF SALES	8	(1,444,352)	(1,209,680)	(3,347,526)	(3,136,540)	
GROSS PROFIT		568,607	714,263	1,394,750	1,544,347	
Selling and distribution expenses		(140,372)	(170,665)	(399,725)	(441,194)	
Administrative expenses		(136,054)	(107, 971)	(258,406)	(207,992)	
Other expenses		(27,841)	(34,445)	(66,710)	(68,825)	
Other income		16,220	(7,424)	38,064	16,062	
OPERATING PROFIT		280,560	393,758	707,973	842,398	
Finance costs		(4,986)	(6,211)	(9,048)	(10,217)	
Finance income		98,365	86,797	181,448	135,612	
NET FINANCE INCOME / COST		93,379	80,586	172,400	125,395	
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		373,939	474,344	880,373	967,793	
Income tax expense		(159,980)	(179,096)	(291,708)	(309,930)	
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		213,959	295,248	588,665	657,863	
Earnings per share - basic	9					
and diluted (Rupees)		7.73	10.67	21.28	23.78	

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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Condensed Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited) For the six months ended 31 December 2019

		er ended cember	Six mont 31 Dec	
Not	2019 (Rs.'000)	2018 (Rs.'000)	2019 (Rs.'000)	2018 (Rs.'000)
Profit for the period	213,959	295,248	588,665	657,863
Other comprehensive income for the period:	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	213,959	295,248	588,665	657,863

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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Murree Brewery Company Limited Condensed Interim Statement of Chanaes in Emitv (Unadied) For the six months ended 31 December 2019

e at 1 July 2018	omprehensive income for the period
Balance at 1.	Total compre-

Profit for the period

Other comprehensive income for the period

Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment readized through depreciation for the year - net of deferred tax Transferred from revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment on

disposal - net of deferred tax

Total comprehensive income for the period

Transaction with the ewners of the company

Distributions Final division for the year ended 30 June 2018 (Re. 5 per share) Lessa of Decaus aktres of 20% (01 beams share for every 05 sheres hold) Fiest interim dividend for the year ending 30 June 2019 (Rs. 10 per share) Total framsactions with ormers of the esumpary

Balance at 31 December 2018

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Balance at 30 June 2019 (Audited)

Adjustment on initial application of IFRS 16

Adjusted balance at 1 July 2019

Total comprehensive income for the period Profit for the period Other comprehensive income for the period

Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment readized through depreciation for the year - net of deferred tax Transferred from revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment on

Total comprehensive income for the period disposal - not of deferred tax

Transaction with the owners of the company Final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2019 (Rs. 10 per share) First interim dividend for the year ending 30 June 2020 (Rs. 5 per share) Total transactions with owners of the company

Balance as at 31 December 2019 (Unaudited)

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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 Capital reserves
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 Share capital Capital reserve
 Revenue reserve
 Contingency
 Total equity

 property, plant and equipment - net of tax
 reserve
 Contingency
 Total equity
 5,945,228 20,000 (Rs. 909) 327,042 2,913,653 30,681 230,530

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	657,863		657,863	23,864	2,197	26,061
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				(23,364)	(2,197)	(26.0
	•			- (23,36	- (2,19	(26.0

	,			9,871,414		,	10,025,959	
(115,265)	(46,106)	(138,318)	(299,689)	6,329,462	6,534,489	'	6,534,489	
	,			20,000	20,000	,	20,000	
	,			327,042	327,042	·	327,042	
				2,887,592	2,837,111		2,837,111	
•	,			30,681	30,681	'	30,681	
	46,106		46,105	276,636	276,636	ı	276,636	

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	(414,954)	(414,954)					
	(138, 318)	(138,318)					
	(276,636)	(276,636)	,				
	,	36,341			(36,341)		
	,	665'11	,	,	(33,599)		,
	,	2,742	,	,	(2,742)		,
		Γ			Γ		
	538,665	588,665					
	,	,	,		,		,
	588,665	588,665			,		

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Murree Brewery Company Limited Condensed Interim Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

For the six months ended 31 Decemb	2015	Six month 31 Dece	
		31-Dec-19	31-Dec-18
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	(Rs.'000)	(Rs.'000)
Profit before tax		880,373	967,793
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation / amortization	6	204,429	168,392
Employee benefits - charge to profit or loss		32,809	18,111
Provision for Workers' Profit Participation Fund (WPPF)		47,234	49,469
Provision for Workers' Welfare Fund (WWF)		17,949	19,356
(Gain) (Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(2,649)	2,458
Finance cost		9,048	10,216
Return on deposit accounts		(70,403)	(52,772)
Interest on PIBs		(12,908)	(7,004)
Interest on advances		(206)	(202)
Dividend income		(67,496)	(10,438)
Unrealized gain on re-measurement of short term investments		(23,275)	(17,768)
Gain on sales of investments			(4,207)
		134,532	175,611
		1,014,905	1,143,404
Change In;			
Inventories		(183,656)	(44,463)
Trade debts		(52,651)	(19, 578)
Advances, prepayments and other receivables		94,145	(123,815)
Trade and other payables		(106,189)	(172,879)
Contract liabilities		(54,376)	(56,146)
		(302,727)	(416,881)
Cash generated from operating activities		712,178	726,523
Finance cost paid		(9,048)	(8,949)
Employee benefits paid		(20,910)	(13,256)
WPPF paid		(88,719)	(23,765)
Taxes paid		(324,292)	(269,254)
Net cash from operating activities		269,209	411,299
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(153,030)	(285,568)
Acquisition of investment property		(9,050)	*.
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		6,442	894
Advances for capital expenditures		(34,004)	84,328
Long term advances paid		(2,240)	(5,890)
Long term deposits paid		(3,728)	(1.098)
Proceeds from sale of long term investment		12,745	7,205
Proceeds from sales of / (acquisition of) investments - net		(167,140)	(368,209)
Interest received		72,273	55,996
Dividends received		67,496	10,438
Net cash used in investing activities		(210,236)	(501,904)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payment of lease liabilities (2018: Payment of finance lease liabilities)		(38,491)	(40,761)
Dividend paid		(474,141)	(307,711)
Net cash used in financing activities		(512,632)	(348,472)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(453,659)	(439,077)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year-		1,694,452	1,998,714
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	7	1,240,793	1,559,637
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The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) For the six months ended 31 December 2019

1 THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Murree Brewery Company Limited ("the Company") was incorporated under the repealed Indian Companies Act (now the Companies Act, 2017) in February 1861 as a public limited company in Pakistan. The shares of the Company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office of the Company is situated at National Park Road in Rawalpindi, Pakistan.

The Company is principally engaged in the manufacturing of alcoholic beer, Pakistan Made Foreign Liquor (PMFL), non-alcoholic beer, aerated water (non-alcoholic products), juices and food products, mineral water, glass bottles and jars. The Company is presently operating three divisions namely Liquor, Tops and Glass to carry out its principal activities.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

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These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprise of:

- International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and

- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirements of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

The disclosures in these interim financial statements do not include the information that was reported in annual audited financial statements and should therefore be read in conjunction with the annual audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019. Comparative condensed interim unconsolidated statement of financial position is extracted from the annual audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019, whereas comparative condensed interim statement of profit or loss, condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of cash flows and condensed interim statement of changes in equity are extracted from unaudited interim financial statements for the six months period ended 31 December 2018.

This condensed interim financial information is un-audited and is being submitted to the members as required under Section 237 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the Listing Regulations of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.

3 ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

3.1 Accounting policies and methods of computation

The accounting policies and methods of computation adopted in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the preparation of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2019 except for the adoption of new standard effective as of 01 July 2019 as referred to in note 3.2 to these condensed interim financial statements.

3.2 New standards, interpretations and amendments adopted by the Company

The Company has adopted IFRS 16 'Leases from 01 July 2019. A number of other new standards are effective from 01 July 2019 but they do not have a material effect on the Company's condensed interim financial statements.

Accounting policy

IFRS 16 introduced a single, on-balance sheet accounting model for leafees result, the Company as a lessee, has recognized right of use assets representing its right to use the underlying assets and lease liabilities representing its obligation to make lease payments. Lessor accounting remains similar to previous accounting policies. The Company has applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application is recognized in retained earnings at 1 July 2019. Accordingly, the comparative information presented for year ended 30 June 2019 has not been restated – i.e. it is presented, as previously reported, under IAS 17 and related interpretations. The details of the changes in accounting policies are disclosed below.

Previously, the Company determined at contract inception whether an arrangement was or contained a lease under IFRIC 4 "Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease". The Company now assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the new definition of lease. Under IFRS 16, a contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.



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Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) For the six months ended 31 December 2019

On transition to IFRS 16, the Company elected to apply the practical expedient to grandfather the assessment of which transactions are leases. It applied IFRS 16 only to contracts that were previously identified as leases. Contracts that were not identified as leases under IAS 17 and IFRIC 4 were not reassessed. Therefore, the definition of a lease under IFRS 16 has been applied only to contracts entered into or changed on or after 1 July 2019. At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease and non lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of properties in which it is a lessee, the Company has elected not to separate non-lease components and will instead account for the lease and non-lease component as a single lease component.

As a Lessee

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The Company leases many assets, including properties and vehicles. As a lessee, the Company previously classified leases as operating or finance leases based on its assessment of whether the lease transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership. Under IFRS 16, the Company recognizes right of use assets and lease liabilities for most leases – i.e. these leases are on-balance sheet.

However, the Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for some leases of short term duration. The Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in property, plant and equipment, the same line item as it presents underlying assets of the same nature that it owns. Right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are presented within investment property. The carrying amounts of right of use assets are as below.

Property, plant and equipment (Rs.000) 11,100 8,887

Balance at 01 July 2019 Balance at 31 December 2019

Significant accounting policies

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right of use asset is initially measured at cost, and subsequently at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for certain measurements of the lease liability. When a right of use asset meets the definition of investment property, it is presented in investment property. The right of use asset investment property is initially measured at cost, and subsequently measured at fair value, in accordance with the Company's accounting policies. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if the rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

The lease liability is subsequently increased by the interest cost on the lease liability and decreased by lease payment made. It is remeasured when there is change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, a change in the estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or as appropriate, changes in the assessment of whether a purchase or extension option is reasonably certain to be exercised or a termination option is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Company has applied judgement to determine the lease term for some lease contracts in which it is a lessee that includes renewal options. The assessment of whether the Company is reasonably certain to exercise such options impacts the lease term, which significantly affects the amount of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets recognized.

Transition

Previously, the Company classified property leases as operating leases under IAS 17. These include warehousing facilities. The leases typically run for a period of around 3 to 5 years. Some leases include an option to renew the lease by mutual consent of the Company and the lessors.

At transition, for leases classified as operating leases under IAS 17, lease liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at the Company incremental borrowing rate as at 1 July 2019. Right of use assets are measured at either:

- their carrying amounts as if IFRS 16 had been applied since the commencement date, discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application; or

- an amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments.

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Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) For the six months ended 31 December 2019

The Company used the following practical expedients when applying IFRS 16 to leases previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17

- Applied the exemption not to recognize right-of-use asset and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term.
- Excluded initial direct costs from measuring the right of use asset at the date of initial application.
 Used hindsight when determining the lease term if the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

As a lessor

The Company leases out its investment property. The Company has classified these leases as operating leases. The accounting policies applicable to the Company as a lessor are not different from those under IAS 17. However, when the Company is an intermediate lessor, the sub-leases are classified with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset.

The Company is not required to make any adjustment on transition to IFRS 16 for leases in which it acts as a lessor. However, the Company has applied IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with Customers to allocate consideration in the contract to each lease and non-lease component.

Impacts on Financial statements

Impacts on transition

On transition to IFRS 16, the Company recognized additional right of use assets and additional lease liabilities, recognizing the difference in retained earnings. The impact on transition is summarized below.

At 01 July 2019

At 01 July 2019

	(Rs.000)
Right-of-use assets presented in property, plant and equipment	11,100
Lease liabilities	11,100

When measuring lease liabilities for leases that were classified as operating leases, the Company discounted lease payments using its incremental borrowing rate at 01 July 2019. The weighted-average rate applied is 15.24%.

	(Rs.000)
Finance lease liabilities as at 30 June 2019	182,234
Operating leases recognised lease liabilities	11,100
Lease liabilities recognised at 01 July 2019	193,334

Impacts for the period

As a result of initially applying IFRS 16, in relation to the leases that were previously classified as operating leases, the Company recognized Rs.8,886,843 of right-of-use assets and Rs. 9,283,070 of lease liability as at 31 December 2019.

Also in relation to those leases under IFRS 16, the Company has recognized depreciation and interest costs, instead of operating lease expense. During the six months ended 31 Dec 2019, the Company recognized Rs. 2,212,952 of depreciation charge and Rs. 845,754 of interest costs from these leases.

3.3 Accounting Estimates and Judgements

In preparing these interim financial statements, management has made judgements and estimates that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The significant judgements made by management in applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those described in the last annual financial statements, except for new significant judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty related to the application of IFRS 16, which are described in Note 3.2.

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Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) For the six months ended 31 December 2019

Measurement of fair values

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The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. This includes a valuation team that has overall responsibility for overseeing all significant fair value measurements, including Level 3 fair values, and reports directly to the chief financial officer.

The valuation team regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the valuation team assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that these valuations meet the requirements of IFRS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which the valuations should be classified.

Significant valuation issues are reported to the audit committee.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market observable data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability might be categorised in different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

3.4 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and the amendments and interpretations thereto will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2020:

- Amendment to IFRS 3 'Business Combinations' Definition of a Business (effective for business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2020). The IASB has issued amendments aiming to resolve the difficulties that arise when an entity determines whether it has acquired a business or a group of assets. The amendments clarify that to be considered a business, an acquired set of activities and assets must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The amendments include an election to use a concentration test. The standard is effective for transactions in the future and therefore would not have an impact on past financial statements.
- Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020). The amendments are intended to make the definition of materiality in IAS 1 easier to understand and are not intended to alter the underlying concept of materiality in IFRS Standards. In addition, the IASB has also issued guidance on how to make materiality judgments when preparing their general purpose financial statements in accordance with IFRS Standards.
- On 29 March 2018, the International Accounting Standards Board (the IASB) has issued a revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting which is applicable immediately and contains changes that will set a new direction for IFRS in the future.. The Conceptual Framework primarily serves as a tool for the IASB to develop standards and to assist the IFRS Interpretations Committee in interpreting them. It does not override the requirements of individual IFRSs and any inconsistencies with the revised Framework will be subject to the usual due process this means that the overall impact on standard setting may take some time to crystallise. The companies may use the Framework as a reference for selecting their accounting policies in the absence of specific IFRS requirements. In these cases, companies should review those policies and apply the new guidance retrospectively as of 1 January 2020, unless the new guidance contains specific scope outs.

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Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

- For the six months ended 51 December 2019
 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform which amended IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7 is applicable for annual financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020. The G20 asked the Financial Stability Board (FSB) to undertake a fundamental review of major interest rate benchmarks. Following the review, the FSB published a report setting out its recommended reforms of some major interest rate benchmarks such as IBORs. Public authorities in many jurisdictions have since taken steps to implement those recommendations. This has in turn led to uncertainty about the long-term viability of some interest rate benchmark including its replacement with an alternative benchmark rate, such as that resulting from the FSB's recommendations set out in its July 2014 report 'Reforming Major Interest Rate Benchmark' (the reform). The amendments made provide relief from the potential effects of the uncertainty caused by the reform. An entity shall apply the exceptions to all hedging relationships directly affected by interest rate benchmark reform. The amendments are not likely to affect the financial statements of the Company. the Company.
- IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2019) provides interim guidance on accounting for regulatory deferral accounts balances while IASB considers more comprehensive guidance on accounting for the effects of rate regulation. In order to apply the interim standard, an entity has to be rate regulated i.e. the establishment of prices that can be charged to its customers for goods or services is subject to oversight and/or approved by an authorized body. The term 'regulatory deferral account balance' has been chosen as a neutral descriptor for expense (income) or variance account that is included or is expected to be included by the rate regulator in establishing the rate(s) that can be charged to customers and would not otherwise be recognized as an asset or liability under other IEPSS. The standard is not likely to have any effect on the Company's financial statements. under other IFRSs. The standard is not likely to have any effect on the Company's financial statements.

4	SHARE CAPITAL			31-Dec-19 (Rs.'000)	30-Jun-19 (Rs.'000)
4.1	Authorised share ca	pital	4.1.1	300,000	300,000
4.1.1	This represents 30,00	0,000 (30 June 2019: 30,0	00,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each.		
4.2	Issued, subscribed a	nd paid up share capital			
	Unaudited 31-Dec-19 Number	Audited 30-Jun-19 Number		Unaudited 31-Dec-19 (Rs.'000)	Audited 30-Jun-19 (Rs.'000)
	264,000	264,000	(Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each)	2,640	2,640
	27,399,630	27,399,630	(Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each, issued as bonus shares)	273,996	273,996
	27,663,630	27,663,630		276,636	276,636

4.2.1 No bonus shares were issued during the six months period ended 31 December 2019 (six months period ended 31 December 2018; 4,610,605 bonus shares)

CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS 5

There are no changes in the contingencies and commitments of the Company as disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019, except for the following:

5.1 CONTINGENCIES:

- 5.1.1 The Company is currently liable in respect of guarantees amounting to Rs. 138.715 million (30 June 2019 : Rs. 126.93 million) issued by banks on behalf of the Company in the normal course of business to Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited ("SNGPL") for commercial and industrial use of gas.
- 5.1.2 In September 2014, the Federal Government promulgated Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) Ordinance No.VI of 2014 to circumvent earlier decision of the Honourable Supreme Court on the subject, where it upheld that the earlier introduction of GIDC Act of 2011 was unconstitutional and ultra vires on the ground that GIDC was a 'fee' and not a 'tax'. Government of Pakistan has enacted GIDC Act, 2015 during May 2015 which, including retrospective treatment of the provision of the GIDC Act, has been challenged by the Company through a writ petition in the Honourable Lahore High Court ("LHC"). The Court has granted stay against charging of the GIDC under the GIDC Act, 2015. On 30 September 2017, the LHC transferred the case to High Power Committee ("HPC") formed vide LHC order. The case is reading to the GIDC the Generative to the 2010 Res 2010 Res 2012 R is pending before HPC. The Company has not made provision of GIDC amounting to Rs. 241.19 million (30 June 2019: Rs. 217.09 million) in the financial statements as the management, based on legal opinion, is confident that the eventual decision will be in favour of the Company.
- 5.1.3 The Company paid sui gas industrial bills based on gas tariff at Rs. 488 per MMBTU and Rs. 573 per MMBTU for captive power meter, as compared to the bill raised by SNGPL at Rs. 600 per MMBTU. The Honorable Lahore High Court ("LHC"), in January 2018, set aside the demand of SNGPL at Rs. 600 per MMBTU and case was decided in favour of the Company. However, SNGPL preferred an appeal before the Supreme Court of Pakistan which is pending adjudication. Till April 2019, the Company has not made provision of the difference in tariff which in aggregate amounts to Rs. 136.12 million (30 June 2019: Rs. 136.12 million) in financial statements as the management, based on legal opinion, is confident that the eventual decision will be in favour of the Company. Subsequent to April 2019, the Company is paying the bills raised by SNGPL at the notified tariff of Rs. 1,021 per MMBTU.



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Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) For the six months ended 31 December 2019

5.1.4 The Company, along-with several other bottling / beverage companies, is in litigation arising from a suo moto notice of the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan (case no 26 of 2018) regarding use of ground / surface water. The Company has contested the decision of the Honorable Supreme Court and has filed a review petition through its legal counsel. Further, the Company has received notice from the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa on account of water charges. The Company has filed writ petition in the Peshawar High Court against recovery of billed amounts.

Since both the above matters are pending before the Honorable Superior Courts, no provision has been made in these financial statements as the management, based on legal opinion, is confident that the eventual decision will be in favour of the Company in both the above cases.

- 5.1.5 At the reporting date there is no change in the status of the tax contingencies except for the items mentioned below. For details, notes 37.3 to 37.5 of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019 are to be referred.
- 5.1.6 Tax assessments up to and including the tax year 2019, except for tax years 2013, 2015 & 2018, have been finalized. However, the tax authorities are empowered to reopen these assessments within five years from the end of the financial year in which these returns were filed. There were no change to status of tax litigations as disclosed in the annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2019 except that demand orders were received for tax years 2013, 2015 and 2018 which upon appeal by the Company have been remanded back to the assessing officers during the period.

5.2 COMMITMENTS

5.2.1 The Company outstanding Letter of Credit for the import of machinery and inventory items valuing approximately Rs 294.55 million (30 June 2019 : Rs. 143.97 million)

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PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 6

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	Operating fixed	Cap	ital woillotal
	assets	in	
		progress	
	Unau	dited 31 December 2	2019
		(Rs. "000)	
Balance at 01 July 2019	5,226,194	169,848	5,396,042
Additions during the period	116,670	36,360	153,030
Transferred from capital work in progress	169,282	(169,282)	
Disposal during the period-net	(3,796)	-	(3,796)
Depreciation charge for the period	(204,169)	-	(204,169)
Balance at 31 December 2019	5,304,181	36,926	5,341,107

		ted 30 June 2019	
		(Rs in "000)	
Balance at 01 July 2018	4,635,033	211,188	4,846,221
Additions during the year	410,537	510,647	921,184
Transferred from capital work in progress	551,987	(551,987)	-
Disposal during the year-net	(16,885)	-	(16,885)
Depreciation charge for the year	(354,478)	-	(354,478)
Balance at 30 June 2019	5,226,194	169,848	5,396,042

Additions in and depreciation on property plant & equipment during the half year ended 31 December 2018 amounted to Rs.541.4 million and Rs. 168.13 million respectively. 6.1

7	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	Note	(Unaudited) 31-Dec-19 (Rs in '000)	(Audited) 30-Jun-19 (Rs in '000)
	Cash in hand		6,363	21,790
	Cash in transit		-	19,809
	Banking instrument in hand		-	150,000
	Cash at banks :			
	- in local currency		716,763	934,634
	- in local currency deposit accounts	7.1	469,688	518,122
	-in foreign currency deposit accounts	7.2	47,979	50,097
			1,234,430	1,502,853
			1,240,793	1,694,452

7.1 Profit on local currency deposit accounts ranges from 11.75% to 12.62% (30 June 2019: 5.64% to 11.62%) per annum respectively.

This carries interest rate of 0.35% (30 June 2019: 0.35%) per annum. 7.2

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	FOR THE ALL MEDITIA ERAPED 31 DECEMBER 2019			
			Six month	s ended
		Note	31-Dec-19	31-Dec-18
8	COST OF SALES		(Rs '000)	(Rs '000)
	Raw material consumed	8.1	3,351,795	3,317,032
	Stores and spares consumed		70,007	82,176
	Fuel and power consumed		378,413	230,189
	Salaries and wages		282,709	239,702
	Repair and maintenance		84,025	49,083
	Depreciation		183,953	155,328
	Cost to fulfill a contract - transportation		104,014	98,933
	Other manufacturing overheads		39,522	39,015
			4,494,438	4,211,458
	Work in process:			
	Work in process - opening		201,276	239,822
	Work in process - closing		(208,009)	(225,325)
			(6,733)	14,497
	Cost of goods manufactured		4,487,705	4,225,955
	Finished goods:			
	Finished goods - opening		152,672	199,640
	Finished goods - closing		(283,453)	(211,291)
			(130,781)	(11,651)
	Less: Inter division transfers		(1,009,398)	(1,077,764)
			3,347,526	3,136,540
8.1	Raw material consumed			
	Opening stock		1,057,072	781,467
	Purchases		3,330,018	3,309,544
			4,387,090	4,091,011
	Less : Closing stock		(1,035,295)	(773,979)
			3,351,795	3,317,032

Pursuant to application of IFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers" with effect from 01 July 2018, certain transportation cost amounting to Rs. 98.9 million for the six months ended 31 December 2018 has been reclassified from "trade discounts" to "Cost of Sales" presented as "Cost to fulfill a contract - transportation". 8.2

9	EARNING PER SHARE - BASIC	Quarter 31 Dece		Six months ended 31 December		
	AND DILUTED	2019	2018	2019	2018	
	Net Profit for the period - Rupees in ('000)	213,959	295,248	588,665	657,863	
	Weighted average number of shares - Number	27,663,630	27,663,630	27,663,630	27,663,630	
	Earning per share - Rupees	7.73	10.67	21.28	23.78	

9.1 There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Company as at 31 December 2019.

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10Segment information

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10.1 Information about reportable segments

The detail of utilization of the Company's assets by the divisions as well as related liabilities is as follows:

	Liquor division	Glass division	Tops division	Corporate Office	Total
	(Rs. '000)	(Rs. '000)	(Rs. '000)	(Rs. '000)	(Rs. '000)
a. For the six months ended					
31 December 2019					
Third party turnover - net	5,574,697	67,923	1,587,563	<u> </u>	7,230,183
Inter-segment turnover	238,659	758,072	12,656		1,009,387
Segment profit / (loss) before tax	630,979	227,838	(131,246)	152,802	880,373
31 December 2018					
Third party turnover- net	5,454,600	93,549	1,576,546	-	7,124,695
Inter-segment turnover	268,200	798,838	10,410	-	1,077,448
Segment profit / (loss) before tax	634,557	342,208	(91,821)	82,849	967,793
b. Assets					
31 December 2019 (unaudited)	6,540,453	898,648	1,784,797	2,459,415	11,683,313
30 June 2019 - audited	6,903,853	745,171	1,894,415	2,208,630	11,752,069
c. Liabilities					
31 December 2019 (unaudited)	615,950	76,685	367,448	423,560	1,483,643
30 June 2019 - audited	674,649	57,458	464,026	529,977	1,726,110
d. Additions to					
property, plant and equipment					
31 December 2019 (unaudited)	78,476	55,877	18,677	-	153,030
30 June 2019 (Audited)	338,099	48,308	534,777	-	921,184
Other income					
31 December 2019 (unaudited)	-		· .	38,064	38,064
31 December 2018 (unaudited)				16,062	16,062
Net finance income					
31 December 2019 (unaudited)	(1,990)	(57)	(7,001)	181,448	172,400
31 December 2018 (unaudited)	(2,532)	(93)	(7,592)	135,612	125,395
e. Depreciation					
31 December 2019 (unaudited)	74,759	69,933	59,477	<u> </u>	204,165
31 December 2018 (unaudited)	55,922	66,109	46,362	<u> </u>	168,393
				Six mont	
				31 Dec	
2 Reconciliation of reportable segment profit or loss				2019 (Rs. '000)	2018 (Rs. '000)
Reconcination of reportable segment profit or loss				(KS. 000)	(163. 000)
Total profit before tax for reportable segments				727,571	884,944
Unallocated amount - operating expenses				(66,710)	(68,825
Unallocated amounts - other income				38,064	16,062
Unallocated amounts - finance income				181,448	135,612
Net profit before tax				880,373	967,793

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			Liquer Division	Tribba			Glass Division	rision			Tops Division	rision					Total
		Quarter ended 31 December	nded 31 ther	Na months ended 31 December	n ended utber	Quarter ended 31 December	ided 31 ber	Sta months ended 31 December	n ended unber	Quarter ended 31 December	ber ber	Six months ended 31 December	Î.	Quarter ended 31 December	31 December	Six months ended 31 December	ended 31 Iter
	51.1	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	3018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2013	2018
1210000	Nate	Note (83,966)	@s000	(81.00)	(Rs 100)	(BA '999)	(097,000)	(BA 1991)	31,000	(BA 1991)	(Bs 1000	(RA YOU)	(Ba 100)	(Rs 100)	(Rv000)	(Ba'tee)	(Rs/001)
Third party tunever - gross		2588,549	2,485,008	(61,868.2	5,481,774	\$1913	44,619	6.913	03.540	514,957	301.805	1,724,615	1/05/201	3231,429	3,097,832	7,406,668	7,205,124
Lan: trade Annawity		0,326	(0351)	(33,433)	02172		34			(87,290)	(057:61)	(131/161)	(31,155)	04,616)	(21,13)	(176,485)	(18,429)
Third party turnover - test		2,581,223	2,477,619	5534/007	5,454,600	61,923	44,619	\$1915	93,549	487,667	194,475	1,587,563	1,576,546	1,136,813	3,016,713	1110,183	7,124,695
later division sales		819785	13,981	659/862	166,302	RUSHIE	121/85E	158,072	398,805	8275	4,742	12,656	10,410	1			
	1	2,639,901	2551,000	566,656.	\$772,800	412,501	44,340	825,995	892,187	493,105	112.00	1/00.219	1,586,956	3,136,813	3,016,713	7,236,183	269/12127
Sales tax and excise daty	1	(750,068)	1594/51/61	(2.096,832)	(2,063,508)	(980)	(8,483)	(9,800)	(13,597)	(123,228)	(110,824)	(381,216)	(539595)	(1,123,854)	(1,092,770)	(2,487,907)	0,443,908
Rencesse		1,649,144	1.576,137	3,716,524	3,639,212	402,632	788,066	816,126	878,750	30,877	398,995	1,219,013	1,240,333	2,012,959	1,913,943	4,742,276	4,680,887
COST OF SALES	10.4														1		
Third parties Inter division cost		(803,636) (335,066)	(107,060) (347,066)	(131,548) (131,188)	(1,558,509) (746,779)	(19/45)	(236,812)	(561,182)	061/180	(296,067)	(365,790) (91,378)	(814,796) (278,199)	(1201002)	(130,044,051)	(069/602.1)	(3,347,526)	(5,136,540
		01,208,7040	(1.064,135)	(2,702,736)	(2,666,348)	(234,657)	(236,812)	(561,182)	(051,130)	(3897696)	(71,726)	(36670071)	(1,091,490)	(1,444.351)	(1,209,680)	(3347,526)	(3,136,540)
GROSS PROFIT	5	110,440	\$22,002	1,613,788	HW/EES'I	121,975	161,045	254,944	341,640	192	31716	126,018	148.843	568,607	114,263	052'MET	USH30
Seling and domination expenses	2	(002'13)	(88,788)	(292'541)	(02)(53)	(0061)	(11,795)	(1991)	(3.806)	(2/1/35)	(291,062)	(007000)	(183.607)	([[[[]]]])	(170,665)	(522'662)	(441,194)
Administrative expenses		(100/683)	1122(22)	(185,556)	(013,146)	(13,322)	(629)	(19/62)	(15,441)	(22,049)	(25,558)	(824.03)	(301.95)	(136,054)	(125'201)	(366,832)	(200,002)
Other expenses								•		(a)				(116(12)	(34,445)	(66,710)	(18,825)
Other second	118	1	100		123		1				100			16.220	(1/0/1)	38,064	16,062
Operating profit		158/057	357,430	632,969	631,089	111,753	12/23	227,805	342.301	(1979)	(MOPPL)	(91710)	(81.129)	299,560	850'666	767,973	842,398
Finence costs		0010	0%0	(666'1)	(2523)	(66)	8	6	660	(177.6)	(4354)	(100%)	(065°L)	(4,984)	(012/9)	(5),048)	00,217
Finesce income			4		3		2	3		۲	4			38,365	162.93	181,448	135,612
Net flaance income / (cost)		(9071)	(1%/1)	(166*1)	(2322)	(R)	8	6	(32)	(171)	(1331)	(19972)	(265')	61776	965'08	106,271	115,995
Profit (face) before the		144.991	166.640	010.010	131 601	110.000	202.621	444 010	247.400	AN ADA	VOLU PUT	1101 410	201-6411	040.610	121.541	000.045	002,000

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					_		Six months en
10.4	COST OF SALES	Note	Liquor (Rs '000)	Glass (Rs '000)	Tops (Rs '000)	31-Dec-19 (Rs '000)	31-Dec-18 (Rs '000)
	Raw material consumed	10.5	2,252,098	233,540	866,157	3,351,795	3,317,032
	Stores and spares consumed		29,444	40,245	318	70,007	82,176
	Fuel and power consumed		159,061	185,891	33,461	378,413	230,189
	Salaries and wages		147,876	61,944	72,889	282,709	239,702
	Repair and maintenance		32,025	22,903	29,097	84,025	49,083
	Depreciation		58,037	69,843	56,073	183,953	155,328
	Cost to fulfill a contract - transportation		59,437	-	44,577	104,014	98,933
	Other manufacturing overheads		12,822	9,601	17,099	39,522	39,015
			2,750,800	623,967	1,119,671	4,494,438	4,211,458
	Work in process:						
	Work in process - opening		186,756	1,445	13,075	201,276	239,822
	Work in process - closing		(183,242)	(1,445)	(23,322)	(208,009)	(225,325)
			3,514	-	(10,247)	(6,733)	14,497
	Cost of goods manufactured		2,754,314	623,967	1,109,424	4,487,705	4,225,955
	Finished goods:						
	Finished goods - opening		63,726	23,553	65,393	152,672	199,640
	Finished goods - closing		(115,304)	(86,337)	(81,812)	(283,453)	(211,291)
			(51,578)	(62,784)	(16,419)	(130,781)	(11,651)
	Less: Inter division transfers		(731,188)	-	(278,210)	(1,009,398)	(1,077,764)
			1,971,548	561,183	814,795	3,347,526	3,136,540
.5	Raw material consumed						
	Opening stock		749,872	24,581	282,619	1,057,072	781,467
	Purchases		2,169,058	238,420	922,540	3,330,018	3,309,544
			2,918,930	263,001	1,205,159	4,387,090	4,091,011
	Less : Closing stock		(666,832)	(29,461)	(339,002)	(1,035,295)	(773,979)
	_		2,252,098	233,540	866,157	3,351,795	3,317,032

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Transaction with related parties 11

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Related parties comprise of directors, entities over which the directors are able to exercise significant influence, entities with common directors, major shareholders, staff retirement funds and key management personnel. The transactions and balances as of this reporting date with the related parties are disclosed as follows:

					Six months ende	d 31 December
	Name of related party	Nature of relationship	Percentage of share holding	Nature of transaction during the year	2019 (Rs.'000)	2018 (Rs.'000)
1)	D.P Edulji & Company (Private) Ltd	Associated Company on account of common directorship	16.89	Sales commission Services acquired Dividend	67,873 7,500 70,094	88,999 6,900 21,830
2)	Kingsway Fund	Associated Company	29.12	Dividend	162,097	40,841
3)	Board of Directors	Directors	20.29	Dividend	84,194	25,232
4)	Directors' relatives	Directors' relatives	14.4	Dividend	59,737	15,214
5)	Staff retirement plan - Provident fund	Staff retirement funds	Nil	Contribution by the Company	3,856	3,265
6)	Staff retirement plan - Pension fund	Staff retirement funds	Nil	Contribution by the Company	2,466	2,345
7)	Bhandara Foundation	Chief Executive Officer acts as a Trustee	Nil	Contribution by the Company	1,500	1,500
8)	Atlas Asset Management Limited	Investment	Nil	Investment in Money Market Fund	-	100,000

The aggregate amounts charged for the remuneration including benefits and perquisites to Chief Executive Officer and executives at the 11.1 reporting date were Rs 6.8 million and Rs 17 million (31 December 2018: Rs. 6.8 million and Rs. 7.8 million) respectively. Further, free furnished accommodation has been provided to the chief executive officer and executives. Company maintained vehicles have also been provided to the chief executives; the values of which were Rs. 12.89 million (31 December 2018: Rs.9.7 million).

12 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A FAIR VALUES

12.1 Accounting classifications and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial assets and financial involue of an include the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

On-balance sheet fluancial instruments			Carrying amount	amount			Fair	Fair value	
		Fair value through profit and bes	Amortized cost	Financial Rabilities at amortized	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
31 December 2019 - Usaudited	Nete	Ň	(Rs.'900)				(Rs.'900)	(00	
Financial assets measured at fair value									
Shares of listed companies		9	877	52	Ŷ	9	\$ 9	6	9
Mutual Initials		1,524,879	<	8	1,524,879	1,524,879	8		1,524,879
Financial assets not measured at fair value									
Long term advances	12.4	a	13,575	iX	13,575	8	1	ļ	0
Long term investments		8	518,972	2	518,972	ž	480,116	ł	480,116
Long term deposits	12.4	35,439	1	137	35,439	φ)			ł
Trade debts	12.4	it.	67,214	it.	67,214	14	÷	ų,	()
Advances, prepayments and other receivables	12.2 & 12.4	8	128,217	8	128,217	ų.	2	ł	£
Cash and bank balances	7 & 12.4	22	1,234,430	12	1,234,430	86	88	<u>/</u> @	300
		35,439	1,962,408	r)	1,997,847	ŕ	480,116	1	480,116
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value									
Finance lease liabilities	124	12	12	143,743	143,743	12	33 1	9	24
Trade and other payables	12.3 & 12.4	8	8	1.54,808	1.34,808	1	î.	ł	£
Unpaid dividend	12.4	8		62,912	62,912	99	4		(9)

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35,566 377,029

35,566 377,029

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12.4

Unclaimed dividend

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			Carrying amount	mount			Fair value	aluc	
On-balance sheet financial instruments	I	Fair value through	Amortized Cost	Financial liabilities at	Total	Level 1	Level 2 Level 3	Level 3	Total
		profit and		amortized					
		loss		cost					
30 June 2019 - Audited	Note		(Rs.'000)	(0)			(Rs.'000)	(00)	
Financial assets measured at fair value									
Shares of listed companies		9			9	9		,	9
Mutual funds		1,337,173	•		1,337,173	1,337,173	,	,	1,337,173
		1,337,179			1,337,179	1,337,179		•	1,337,179
Financial assets not measured at fair value									
Long term advances		,	11,335	,	11,335				
Long term investments			531,717		531,717		382,433		382,433
Long term deposits		31,711		,	31,711	•			,
Trade debts	12.4		14,563		14,563				,
Advances, prepayments and other receivables	12.2		24,312		24,312				
Cash and bank balances	7 & 12.4		1,694,452		1,694,452	ï	•		,
		31,711	2,276,379		2,308,090	•	382,433	•	382,433
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value									
Finance lease liabilities	12.4		,	182,234	182,234	,			,
Trade and other payables	12.3 & 12.4		,	489,722	489,722	,		,	,
Unpaid dividend	12.4			59,188	59,188	ŕ			,
Unclaimed dividend	12.4			98,477	98,477	•	-		
				829,621	829,621				

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12.2 It excludes advances to suppliers and prepayments.
13.3 It excludes contract liabilities, withholding tax payable, sales tax payable, excise duty payable, export duty payable on PMFL and beer, unearned income, Worker's Welfare Fund (WWF) and Zila tax payable.

12.4 The Company has not disclosed the fair values for these financial assets and financial liabilities because their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

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Murree Brewery Company Limited Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

CORRESPONDING FIGURES 13

Corresponding figures have been reclassified for the purposes of comparison and better presentation. These reclassifications have no impact on previously reported profit or equity.

14 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These condensed interim unaudited financial statements was approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on 25 February 2020.

NON ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE 15

The Board of Directors in their meeting held on 25 February 2020, has declared an interim cash dividend @ 100% (i.e. Rs 10 per 15.1 share) for the year ending 30 June 2020.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

16 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of rupees, unless otherwise stated.

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DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

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