









Revamped water station dedicated in the
name of late employee/incharge of water works serving MBC for almost 4 decades.


Campaign launched by Murree Brewery Company
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## VISION STATEMENT

Our office is in the market

## MISSION STATEMENT

We the people of Murree Brewery Co. Ltd make personal commitment to first understand our customers' requirement then to meet \& exceed their expectations, by performing the correct tasks on time and every time through:

Continuous improvement
A ligmment of our missions \& goals
Responsibility and respect of our jobs and each other
Educate one another

# Murree Brewery Company Limited 

ESTABLISHED 1860 CORPORATE INFORMATION

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS

| Chairman | Mr. Khurram Muzaffar |
| :---: | :---: |
| Chief Executive Officer | Mr. Isphanyar M. Bhandara |
| Directors | Ch. Mueen Afzal |
|  | Mr. Aamir H. Shirazi |
|  | Mrs. Goshi M. Bhandara |
|  | Lt. Gen (Retd.) Zarrar Azim |
|  | Prof. Khalid Aziz Mirza |
|  | Mr. Shahbaz Haider Agha |
| PRINCIPAL OFFICERS |  |
| Chief Financial Officer | Mr. Mazhar Iqbal |
| Company Secretary | Ch. Waqar A. Kahloon |
| Head of Internal Audit | Malik Saqib |
| General Manager (Brewery Division) | Mr. Mohammad Javed |
| Business Manager (Murree Glass) | Mr. Arshad Zaheer |
| Plant Manager ( " " ) | Mr. Zaka ud Din |
| General Manager (Tops) | Mr. Talat Yaqoob |
| Factory Manager (Murree Sparkletts) | Mr. Fayyaz Ahmad |
| AUDIT COMMITTEE | Lt. Gen (Retd.)Zarrar Azim (Chairman) |
|  | Ch. Mueen Afzal (Member) |
|  | Mr. Khurram Muzaffar (Member) |
|  | Prof. Khalid Aziz Mirza (Member) |
| HUMAN RESOURCE AND |  |
| REMUNERATION COMMITTEE | Mr. Shahbaz Haider Agha (Chairman) |
|  | Mr. Khurram Muzaffar (Member) |
|  | Mrs. Goshi M. Bhandara (Member) |
|  | Lt. Gen (Retd.) Zarrar Azim (Member) |
| AUDITORS | PRINCIPAL BANKERS |
| M/s KPMG Taseer Hadi \& Co. | Askari Commercial Bank Ltd, Islamabad |
| Chartered Accountants. | Standard Chartered Bank, Islamabad |
| $6^{\text {th }}$ Floor, State Life Bldg, | National Bank of Pakistan, Rawalpindi / Hattar |
| Jinnah Avenue, Islamabad. | Bank Alfalah Ltd, Rawalpindi |
|  | The Bank of Khyber, Hattar. |
|  | Allied Bank Ltd, Rwp / Lhr /Gujranw/F.Abad / Multan Sahiwal / Murree / Sargodha United Bank Limited, Islamabad. |

# Murree Brewery Company Limited 

ESTABLISHED 1860<br>CORPORATE INFORMATION

## REGISTERED OFFICE

Murree Brewery Company Limited
3-National Park Road, Rawalpindi Tel: 051-5567041-47, Fax: 051-5584420.
E-mail: murree.brewery@murreebrewery.com
murbr@cyber.net.pk
Website: www.murreebrewery.com

## FACTORIES

Murree Brewery Company Limited
3-National Park Road, Rawalpindi Tel: 051-5567041-47, Fax 051-5584420
(2) (a) Tops Food \& Beverages.

3-National Park Road, Rawalpindi Tel: 051-5567041-47, Fax 051-5565461
(b) Plot No. 14/1, Phase III, Industrial Estate, Hattar, District Haripur (K.P.K ) Tel: 0995-617013, 617493, 617494
(3) Murree Sparkletts

Plot, No. 10/2, Phase-III, Industrial Estate, Hattar, District Haripur (K.P.K )
(4) Murree Glass

Plot No. 24, Phase III, Industrial Estate, Hattar. District Haripur (K.P.K )
Tel: 0995-617233, Fax: 0995-617188

## DISTRIBUTION OFFICES

(i) Tops Food \& Beverages, 121/3, Industrial Estate, Kot Lakhpat, Lahore. (Tel: 042-5117501)
(ii) Aziz Chowk Pindi Bypass,

Galla Sonica Industry,
G.T Road, Gujranwala (Tele: 055-3891571)
(iii) Mansoora Abad

Near Sant Sing Railway Gate
Jumra Road, Faisalabad
Tele: (041-8522182 \& 2420580)
(iv) Mohallah Noorpura,

Bahawalpur Bypass Road, Multan
Ph: 061-4232964
Mob: 0345-8597704
(v) 164/B, Near Winter Time,

Small Industries Estate, Sahiwal
Mob: 0335-5611125
0321-6954001
(vi) Ratti Gali, Ayoubia Road, Murree

Mob: 0335-5111047
(vii) Plot No. 28-B Small Industrial Estate Opp. Siddique Kantawala Main Lahore Road, Sargodha
Mob \#: 0335-5611103
SHARE REGISTRAR
CDC Share Registrar Services Limited CDC House 99-B, Block 'B' SMCHS, Main Shahra-e-Faisal Karachi-74400.
Tel: +(92-21) 111-111-500
Fax: +(92-21)034326053,Email: info@cdcsrsl.com
LEGAL ADVISORS
(i) Hamid Law Associates, 409-410, Alfalah Building, Shahrah-e-Quaid-e-Azam, Lahore. Tel: 042-6301801
(ii) Mr. Umer Abdullah (Advocate)

Chaudhary Law Associates
Advocate High Court
Flats No. 5 \& 6, $1^{\text {st }}$ Floor, MICCOP Centre,

1. Mozang Road, Lahore.

Cell \# 0300-8430877-0345-8412222
(iii) Mr. Waqar Ahmad

Bandesha Law Associates 241-District Courts, Faisalabad

## TAX ADVISOR

Naseem Zafar Associates
16-A, First Floor, Sadiq Plaza,
69-Shahrah-e-Quaid-e-Azam, Lahore.
Tel: 042-6360275-6

## DIRECTORS' REVIEW

The Board of Directors of Murree Brewery Company Limited takes pleasure in presenting their review on financial performance and affairs of the Company together with the Auditor's reviewed financial statements for the six months period ended $31^{\text {st }}$ December, 2019.

A brief review of the Company's financial performance for the six months period against the corresponding period of the last year is as follows:-

FINANCIAL OVERVIEW \& HIGHLIGHTS

| Sales revenue (Net) | increased by $1.3 \%$ | from | 4,681 to | 4,742 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Gross Profit | decreased by $9.7 \%$ | from | 1,544 to | 1,395 |
| Profit before Taxation | decreased by $9.1 \%$ | from | 968 to | 880 |
| Profit after Taxation | decreased by $10.5 \%$ | from | 658 to | 589 |
| Earnings per share | decreased by $10.5 \%$ | from | Rs. 23.78 to | Rs. 21.28 |

The profitability of the Company has decreased during the half year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ December, 2019 as compared to the corresponding period of the last year. Overall sales reflected $1.3 \%$ growth over the last corresponding period, but the profit after tax declined by $10.5 \%$ in the current half year, principally due to the rise in the cost of sales due to dearer cost of both imports and local material. The impact of the two years settlement with the Collective Bargaining Agent (CBA) from $1^{\text {st }}$ July, 2019 is also included for 6 months in the above figures.

## IMPORTANT ISSUES:

i. Ban on Liquor Sale in Sindh:

Sindh Wine Association got a stay from the Supreme Court against the Sindh High Court order dated $27^{\text {th }}$ October, 2016 and their appeal is pending before the Supreme Court.
ii. Still Head Duty:

Sindh Wine Association has won the case which was filed by the Punjab Government in the Lahore High Court, Lahore. However, Punjab Excise is still taking extra duty from non-Punjab wine dealers, as Punjab Excise filed an appeal and got a stay from the Supreme Court.
iii. Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC):

The Company and Industry challenged the GIDC Act, 2015 and filed a Writ Petition in the Lahore High Court including retrospective application of the provision of the GIDC Act.

There are periods subsequent to January, 2014 when stay has been granted to the Company and the total amount unpaid due to stay is Rs. 241 million up to $31^{\text {st }}$ December, 2019 ( $31^{\text {st }}$ December, 2018: Rs. 192.06 million).

The Government is reviewing the entire GIDC levy and the Company will take appropriate action after a decision is announced by the Government.

## iv. Tax on water consumption for commercial use:

The Supreme Court of Pakistan announced taxation of the beverage industry Re. 1 per liter of surface and underground water which would not be passed on to the consumers. The order issued effective from December 2018 applies to all industries consuming water in Pakistan the rules for which have not yet been issued. The beverage industry has lodged a review petition, which is pending in the Supreme Court.

## INTERIM DIVIDEND:

The Directors have today declared second interim cash dividend @ $100 \%$ (i.e. Rs. 10 per share) for the year ending $30^{\text {th }}$ June, 2020. This is in addition to $1^{\text {st }}$ interim cash dividend already paid @ $50 \%$ (i.e. Rs. 5 per share).

## CONTRIBUTION TO NATIONAL EXCHEQUER:

Your company contributed a sum of Rs. 2,812 million in the six months period ended $31^{\text {st }}$ December, 2019 ( $31^{\text {st }}$ December, 2018 : Rs. 2,713 million) to the Government exchequer on account of duty and taxes.

## CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY:

Your Company always takes interest in its social responsibility and gives donations to charitable institutions, hospitals and trusts.

Your company continued with its pro-environment initiatives with trees-plantation in Rawalpindi and in its Hattar property.

## TOP 25 COMPANIES AWARD BY PAKISTAN STOCK EXCHANGE (PSX):

Your Company was selected amongst the "Top 25 Companies" by PSX for the year 2017 in recognition of Company's policy and practice of transparency, disclosure of required information and compliance with financial reporting standards, provisions of Companies Act, 2017 and listing regulations. The award was received by the Company at a ceremony organized by PSX in Karachi.

## OUTLOOK:

The Company is facing a challenging operating environment with higher utility prices and low GDP growth. It has been burdened with costlier gas and electricity. Currently inflation is in double digits.

Your company is the oldest in the territorial limits of Pakistan, its operations are solely in Pakistan and is not allowed exports of alcoholic drinks. It has always adopted a long-term policy on investment in plant, equipment and manpower and has the ability to invest in them irrespective of the level of annual profitability. The policy has enabled the Company to successfully complete 160 years of operations in which there have been many difficult years the worst at the time of partition of India in 1947.

We have over 2,000 employees and a large number of suppliers of raw material and distribution of our products. They and their families' livelihood is dependent on the continued operations of the company which has been achieved strictly conforming to the laws and regulations of Pakistan.

The year to $30^{\text {th }}$ June 2020 is going to be another difficult one but with its long-term policy the Company should continue to provide reasonable returns to its shareholders and protect their investment. Dividends have been paid annually for several decades and even today our Rs. 10 share is quoted at a premium of over Rs. 600 on the PSX providing value to shareholders.

## APPRECIATION:

The Board would like to record its appreciation of the management team together with the other employees for their work and loyalty to the Company. The Board also extends its gratitude to all business stakeholders, Government Authorities and shareholders for their support in achieving the company's objectives.

## ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD



Isphanyar M. Bhandara Chief Executive Officer


Rawalpindi $25^{\text {th }}$ February, 2020

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| 1，395 $=1,544$ | 9．7\％ | 2006 |
| $880-968$ | 9．1\％ك |  |
| $589 \sim 658$ | 10．5\％ | EMuf |
| $21.28-23.78$ | 10．5\％ | T |




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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS'REVIEW REPORT <br> To the members of Murree Brewery Company Limited Report on Review of Interim Financial Statements 

## Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim statement of financial position of Murree Brewery Company Limited as at 31 December 2019 and the related condensed interim statement of profit or loss, condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of changes in equity, and condensed interim statement of cash flows, and notes to the financial statements for the six-month period then ended (here-in-after referred to as the "interim financial statements"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these financial statements based on our review.

## Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

## Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting.

## Other Matter

The figures for the three-month period ended 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2018, in the condensed interim statement of profit or loss and condensed interim statement of comprehensive income have not been reviewed and we do not express a conclusion on them.

The engagement partner on the engagement resulting in this independent auditors' report is Inam Ullah Kakra.

KPMG Taseer Hadi \& Co.
Chartered Accountants
Date: $\mathbf{2 8}^{\text {th }}$ February 2020

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| \% | - |




# Murree Brewery Company Limited <br> Condensed Interim Statement of Profit or Loss (Unaudited) 

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

|  |  | Total |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quarter ended 31 December |  | Six months ended 31 December |  |
|  |  | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 |
|  | Note | (Rs.'000) | (R5, 01000 | (Rs,'000) | (Rs. ${ }^{\text {(100) }}$ |
| NET TURNOVER |  | 2,012,959 | 1,923,943 | 4,742,276 | $4,680,887$ |
| COST OF SALES | 8 | (1,444,352) | (1,209,680) | (3,347,526) | (3,136,540) |
| GROSS PROFIT |  | 568,607 | 714.263 | 1,394,750 | 1,544,347 |
| Selling and distribution expenses |  | (140,372) | (170,665) | $(399,725)$ | $(441,194)$ |
| Administrative expenses |  | $(136,054)$ | (107,971) | (258,406) | $(207,992)$ |
| Other expenses |  | (27,841) | (34,445) | $(66,710)$ | $(68,825)$ |
| Other income |  | 16,220 | (7,424) | 38,064 | 16,062 |
| OPERATING PROFIT |  | 280,560 | 393,758 | 707,973 | 842,398 |
| Finance costs |  | (4,986) | (6,211) | (9,048) | (10,217) |
| Finance income |  | 98,365 | 86,797 | 181,448 | 135,612 |
| NET FINANCE INCOME/COST |  | 93,379 | 80,586 | 172,400 | 125,395 |
| PROFIT BEFORE TAX |  | 373,939 | 474,344 | 880,373 | 967,793 |
| Income tax expense |  | $(159,980)$ | (179,096) | (291,708) | (309,930) |
| PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD |  | 213,959 | 295,248 | 588,665 | 657,863 |
| Earnings per share - basic | 9 |  |  |  |  |
| and diluted (Rupees) |  | 7.73 | 10.67 | 21.28 | 23.78 |

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.


# Murree Brewery Company Limited 

Condensed Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)
For the six months ended 31 December 2019

|  | Note | Quarter ended 31 December |  | Six months ended 31 December |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 2019 \\ \text { (Rs.'000) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2018 \\ \text { (Rs. } 000 \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2019 \\ (\text { Rs.' } 000) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2018 \\ \text { (Rs. } 1000 \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ |
| Profit for the period |  | 213,959 | 295,248 | 588,665 | 657,863 |
| Other comprehensive income for the period: |  | - | - | - | - |
| Total comprehensive income for the period |  | 213,959 | 295,248 | 588.665 | 657.863 |

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Murree Brewery Company Limited
Condensed Inerim Sumemen of Claness in Eanivy (humatidel)

| Gripial mume |  |  | Rernuem menem |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sthere copphal | Captat reme | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Revaleation surples on } \\ & \text { property, plant and } \\ & \text { eguipment - net of tax } \end{aligned}$ | General reserve | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Contingency } \\ & \text { peserve } \end{aligned}$ | Deapproperlated prefits | Tountequity |
|  |  |  | (Raveom |  |  |  |
| 20.50 | 30.81 | $2911 \times 53$ | ${ }^{32}, 002$ | 20.60 | 595,28 | 9,67,134 |
| . | - | , | , | - | ${ }^{657,868}$ | ${ }^{657,883}$ |
| . | . | . | . | . | 657.86 | 67,963 |
|  |  | (23864) |  | . | $\left.\begin{array}{c} 2,8,84 \\ 2,19 \end{array}\right]$ |  |
|  |  | (26.001) |  |  | 20.061 |  |


| 4.106 | : | : | : | : | (115,25s (46106) | $0115,285)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$, 1106 | - | . | . | - | (299,689) |  |
| 2760.6 | 30.881 | 28887.592 | 327,02 | 20.000 | $6839 \times 42$ | 2.871 .14 |
| ${ }^{276.66}$ | 30,481 | 2887, 11 | 377,02 | 20.000 | 654.45 | 10,02,959 |
|  |  | - | . |  |  |  |


| 276,6\% | 30,481 | 2807,111 | 337,02 | 20,000 | 4,48 | 125,959 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | ssm, 6 | ss,6,65 |

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$\frac{\text { Kinforffer }}{\text { mrector }}$
 Balance at 1 Jeby 2018
Total comprehosisiv income for the period Toust compreionsive income for hir period
Profin for the period
Oiter comprehesive inowese for the period Resoluatioe suphis ce property, plant and equipnesk reatizal tisough
 Toat comprolthensere deesmex tor tor the perind
 Fist incerind divistend fer the your cending 30 Jure 2019 (Rs. 10 per share)
Total transactions with owner of the company Balance it 31 Decermber 21118

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chief hinanclal officer

# Murree Brewery Company Limited <br> Condensed Interim Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited) 

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

\[

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CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVTIIES
Profit hefore tax
Adjustraents for:
Depreciation / amortization
Employee benefits - churge to profit or los
Provision fior Werkers' Profit Participation Fund (WPPE)
Provision for Workers' Welfare Fund (WWE)
(Gain) Loss on disposal of propery, plant aud equipment
Finance cost
Return on deposal accounts
Interes on P1Bs
Interest on advances
Dividersd meome
Unrealized gain on re-measurement of shont tern investments
Gaiil on sales of investivents


Crange ins:
Inventorie
Trade debt
Advances, piepayments and other recervables
Irade and other payables
Contract liatbilities
Cash generated from operating activitiox
Finance cost paid
Employee benefits paid
Wref pand
Net cash from operating activitice
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES
Acquisition of properry, phant and equipment
Acquisition of investment property
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment
Advances for cupital expenditures
L.ong term advimices paid

Long term deposits paid
Proceeds from sale of long term investument
Proceeds from sales of / (acquisition of investments - ne
Interust recerved
Dividends receive
Net cash used in investing activities
CASII FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVTTIES
Payment of lease liabilities (2018: Paymest of finance lease habilities)
Dividend paid
Net cash used in financing activities
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year

| $(183,686)$ |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| $(52,651)$ |  |
| 94,145 |  |
| $(\mathbf{1 0 6 , 1 8 9 )}$ |  |
| $(54,376)$ |  |
| $(302,727)$ | $(44,463)$ <br> $(19,578)$ <br> $(123,815)$ <br> $(172,879)$ <br> $(56,146)$ <br> 712,178 <br> $(9,048)$ <br> $(20,916)$ <br> $(38,719)$ <br> $(324,292)$ <br> $\mathbf{2 6 9 , 2 0 9}$ |

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of these finascial statements

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER


| (153,036) | (285,568) |
| :---: | :---: |
| (9,050) | - |
| 6,442 | 894 |
| $(34,004)$ | 84,328 |
| (2,240) | (5,890) |
| $(3,728)$ | (1.0198) |
| 12,745 | 7,205 |
| (167,140) | (368,209) |
| 72,273 | 55,996 |
| 67,496 | 10,438 |


| $(38,491)$ <br> $(474,141)$ | $(40,761)$ <br> $(307,711)$ <br> $(512,632)$ <br> $(348,472)$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $(453,659)$ | $(439,077)$ <br> $1,694,452$ <br> $1,240,793$ |



DIRECTOR

# Murree Brewery Company Limited <br> Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) For the six months ended 31 December 2019 

## 1 THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Murree Brewery Company Limited ("the Company") was incorporated under the repealed Indian Companies Act (now the Companies Act, 2017 ) in February 1861 as a public limited company in Pakistan. The shares of the Company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office of the Company is situated at National Park Road in Rawalpindi, Pakistan

The Company is principally engaged in the manufacturing of alcoholic beer, Pakistan Made Foreign Liquor (PMFL), non-alcoholic beer, aerated water (non-alcoholic products), juices and food products, mineral water, glass bottles and jars. The Company is presently operating three divisions namely Liquor, Tops and Glass to carry out its principal activities.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION
These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprise of:

- International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the Intemational Accounting Standards Board (LASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017

Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirements of LAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

The disclosures in these interim financial statements do not include the information that was reported in annual audited financial statements and should therefore be read in conjunction with the annual audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019. Comparative condensed interim unconsolidated statement of financial position is extracted from the annual audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019, whereas comparative condensed interim statement of profit or loss, condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of cash flows and condensed interim statement of changes in equity are extracted from unaudited interim financial statements for the six months period ended 31 December 2018.

This condensed interim financial information is un-audited and is being submitted to the members as required under Section 237 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the Listing Regulations of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.

## 3 ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

### 3.1 Accounting policies and methods of computation

The accounting policies and methods of computation adopted in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the preparation of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2019 except for the adoption of new standard effective as of 01 July 2019 as referred to in note 3.2 to these condensed interim financial statements.

The Company has adopted IFRS 16 'Leases from 01 July 2019. A number of other new standards are effective from 01 July 2019 but they do not have a material effect on the Company's condensed interim financial statements.

## Accounting policy

IFRS 16 introduced a single, on-balance shect accounting model for leabesa result, the Company as a lessee, has recognized right of use assets representing its right to use the underlying assets and lease liabilities representing its obligation to make lease payments. Lessor accounting remains similar to previous accounting policies. The Company has applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application is recognized in retained earnings at 1 July 2019. Accordingly, the comparative information presented for year ended 30 June 2019 has not been restated - i.e. it is presented, as previously reported, under LAS 17 and related interpretations. The details of the changes in accounting policies are disclosed below.

Previously, the Company determined at contract inception whether an arrangement was or contained a lease under IFRIC 4 "Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease". The Company now assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the new definition of lease. Under IFRS 16, a contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

# Murree Brewery Company Limited <br> Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) For the six months ended 31 December 2019 

On transition to IFRS 16, the Company elected to apply the practical expedient to grandfather the assessment of which transactions are leases. It applied IFRS 16 only to contracts that were previously identified as leases. Contracts that were not identified as leases under IAS 17 and IFRIC 4 were not reassessed. Therefore, the definition of a lease under IFRS 16 has been applied only to contracts entered into or changed on or after 1 July 2019. At ineeption or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease and non lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of properties in which it is a lessee, the Company has elected not to separate non-lease components and will instead account for the lease and non-lease component as a single lease component.

## As a Lessee

The Company leases many assets, including properties and vehicles. As a lessee, the Company previously classified leases as operating or finance leases based on its assessment of whether the lease transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership. Under IFRS 16 , the Company recognizes right of use assets and lease liabilities for most leases - i.e. these leases are on-balance sheet.

However, the Company bas elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for some leases of short term duration. The Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in property, plant and equipment, the same line item as it presents underlying assets of the same nature that it owns. Right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are presented within investment property. The carrying amounts of right of use assets are as below

## Property, plant

 and equipment(Rs.000)
Balance at 01 July 2019
11,100
Balance at 31 December 2019
8,887

## Significant accounting policies

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right of use asset is initially measured at cost, and subsequently at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for certain measurements of the lease liability. When a right of use asset meets the definition of investment propetty, it is presented in investment property. The right of use asset investment property is initially measured at cost, and subsequently measured at fair value, in accordance with the Company's accounting policies. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if the rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

The lease liability is subsequently increased by the interest cost on the lease liability and decreased by lease payment made. It is remeasured when there is change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, a change in the estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or as appropriate, changes in the assessment of whether a purchase or extension option is reasonably certain to be exercised or a termination option is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Company has applied judgement to determine the lease term for some lease contracts in which it is a lessee that includes renewal options. The assessment of whether the Company is reasonably certain to exercise such options impacts the lease term, which significantly affects the amount of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets recognized.

## Transition

Previously, the Company elassified property leases as operating leases under LAS 17. These include warebousing facilities. The leases typically run for a period of around 3 to 5 years. Some leases include an option to renew the lease by mutual consent of the Company and the lessors.

At transition, for leases classified as operating leases under IAS 17, lease liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at the Company ineremental borrowing rate as at 1 July 2019. Right of use assets are measured at either
their carrying amounts as if IFRS 16 had been applied since the commencement date, discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application; or

## Murree Brewery Company Limited

Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) For the six months ended 31 December 2019
The Company used the following practical expedients when applying IFRS 16 to leases previously classified as operating leases under LAS 17.

- Applied the exemption not to recognize right-of-use asset and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term
- Excluded initial direct costs from measuring the right of use asset at the date of initial application.
- Used hindsight when determining the lease term if the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.


## As a lesso

The Company leases out its investment property. The Company has classified these leases as operating leases. The accounting policies applicable to the Company as a lessor are not different from those under LAS 17. However, when the Company is an intermediate lessor, the sub-leases are classified with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset.

The Company is not required to make any adjustment on transition to IFRS 16 for leases in which it acts as a lessor. However, the Company has applied IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with Customers to allocate consideration in the contract to each lease and non-lease component.

## Impacts on Financial statements

## Impacts on transition

On transition to IFRS 16, the Company recognized additional right of use assets and additional lease liabilities, recognizing the difference in retained earnings. The impact on transition is summarized below.

## At 01 July 2019

Right-of-use assets presented in property, plant and equipment ..... 11,100
Lease liabilities ..... 11,100

When measuring lease liabilities for leases that were classified as operating leases, the Company discounted lease payments using its ineremental borrowing rate at 01 July 2019. The weighted-average rate applied is $15.24 \%$.
Finance lease liabilities as at $30 \quad$ June 2019

| Operating leases recognised lease liabilities | 11,100 |
| :--- | :--- |


| Lease liabilities recognised at 01 July 2019 | 193,334 |
| :--- | :--- |

## Impacts for the period

As a result of initially applying IFRS 16 , in relation to the leases that were previously classified as operating leases, the Company recognized Rs. $8,886,843$ of right-of-use assets and Rs. $9,283,070$ of lease liability as at 31 December 2019.

Also in relation to those leases under IFRS 16, the Company has recognized depreciation and interest costs, instead of operating lease expense. During the six months ended 31 Dee 2019, the Company recognized Rs. 2,212,952 of depreciation charge and Rs. 845,754 of interest costs from these leases.

## Accounting Estimates and Judgements

In preparing these interim financial statements, management has made judgements and estimates that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The significant judgements made by management in applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those described in the last annual financial statements, except for new significant judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty related to the apphication of IFRS 16, which are described in Note 3.2.

# Murree Brewery Company Limited <br> Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) For the six months ended 31 December 2019 

## Measurement of fair values

The Company has an established control framework with respeet to the measurement of fair values. This includes a valuation team that has overall responsibility for overseeing all significant fair value measurements, including Level 3 fair values, and reports directly to the chief financial officer.

The valuation team regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the valuation team assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that these valuations meet the requirements of IFRS, including the level in the fair value hicrarehy in which the valuations should be classified.

Significant valuation issues are reported to the audit committee.
When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market observable data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 : inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).
If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability might be categorised in different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarehy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred

### 3.4 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and the amendments and interpretations thereto will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2020:

- Amendment to IFRS 3 'Business Combinations' - Definition of a Business (effective for business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2020). The IASB has issued amendments aiming to resolve the difficulties that arise when an entity determines whether it has acquired a business or a group of assets. The amendments clarify that to be considered a business, an acquired set of activities and assets must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The amendments include an election to use a concentration test. The standard is effective for transactions in the future and therefore would not have an impact on past financial statements.
- Amendments to LAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and LAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020). The amendments are intended to make the definition of materiality in IAS 1 easier to understand and are not intended to alter the underlying concept of materiality in IFRS Standards. In addition, the IASB has also issued guidance on how to make materiality judgments when preparing their general purpose financial statements in accordance with IFRS Standards.
- On 29 March 2018, the International Accounting Standards Board (the LASB) has issued a revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting which is applicable immediately and contains changes that will set a new direction for IFRS in the future.. The Coneeptual Framework primarily serves as a tool for the LASB to develop standards and to assist the IFRS Interpretations Committee in interpreting them. It does not override the requirements of individual IFRSs and any inconsistencies with the revised Framework will be subject to the usual due process - this means that the overall impact on standard setting may take some time to crystallise. The companies may use the Framework as a reference for selecting their accounting policies in the absence of specific IFRS requirements. In these cases, companies should review those policies and apply the new guidance retrospectively as of 1 January 2020 , unless the new guidance contains specific scope outs.


# Murree Brewery Company Limited <br> Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) 

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

- Interest Rate Benchmark Reform which amended IFRS 9, LAS 39 and IFRS 7 is applicable for annual financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020. The G20 asked the Financial Stability Board (FSB) to undertake a fundamental review of major interest rate benchmarks. ollowing the review, the FSB published a report setting out its recommended reforms of some major interest rate benchmarks such as BORs. Public authonites in many jurisdictions have since taken steps to implement those recommendations. This has in turn fed to uncertainty about the long-term viability of some interest rate benctmarks. In these amendments, the ketm interest rate benchmark reform efers to the market-wide reform of an interest rate benchmark including its replacement with an alternative benchmark rate, such as that resulting from the FSB's recommendations set out in its July 2014 report 'Reforming Major Interest Rate Benchmarks' (the reform). The amendments made provide relief from the potential effects of the uncertainty caused by the reform. An entity shall apply the exceptions to all hedging relationships directly affected by interest rate benchmark reform. The amendments are not likely to affeet the financial statements of be Company.

IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts - (effective for anmual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2019) provides interim guidance on accounting for regulatory deferral accounts balances while LASB considers more comprehenssive guidance on accounting for the effects of rate regulation. In order to apply the interim standard, an entity has to be rate regulated - i.e. the establishment of prices that can be charged o its customers for goods or services is subject to oversight and/or approved by an authorized body. The term 'regulatory deferral accoun balance' has been chosen as a neutral descriptor for expense (income) or variance account that is included or is expected to be included by the rate regulator in establishing the rate(s) that can be charged to customers and would not otherwise be recognized as an asset or liability under other IFRSs. The standard is not likely to have any effeet on the Company's financial statements

## SHARE CAPITAL

4.1 Authorised share cupital

| 31-Dee-19 <br> (Rs,200) |
| :---: |
| 300,000 |

This represents 30,000,000 (30 June 2019: 30,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Unaudited } \\ \text { 31-Dec-19 } \\ \text { Number } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Audited } \\ \text { 30-Jun-19 } \\ \text { Number } \end{gathered}$ |  | Unaudited <br> 31-Dec-19 <br> (Rs.'000) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Audited } \\ \text { 30-Jun-19 } \\ \text { (Rs,'000) } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 264,000 | 264,000 | (Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each) | 2,640 | 2,640 |
| 27,399,630 | 27,399,630 | (Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each, issued as bonus shares) | 273,996 | 273,996 |
| 27,663,6,30 | 27,663,6,30 |  | 276,6,36 | 276,636 |

4.2.1 No bonus shares were issued during the six months period ended 31 December 2019 (six months period ended 31 December 2018: $4,610,605$ bonus shares).
5 CONTINGENCTES AND COMMITMENTS
There are no changes in the contingencies and commitments of the Company as disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019, except for the following)

## 5. 1 CONTINGENCIES:

5.1.1 The Company is currently liable in respect of guarantees amounting to Rs. 138.715 million ( 30 June $2019:$ Rs. 126.93 million) issued by banks on behalf of the Company in the normal course of business to Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited ("SNGPL") for commercial and industrial use of gas.
5.1.2 In September 2014, the Federal Govemment promulgated Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) Ordinance No.VI of 2014 to circumvent earlier decision of the Honourable Supreme Court on the subject, where it upheld that the earlier introduction of GIDC Act of 2011 was unconstitutional and ultra vires on the ground that GIDC was a 'fee' and not a 'tax'. Government of Pakistan has enacted GIDC Act, 2015 during May 2015 which, including retrospective treatment of the provision of the GIDC Act, has been challenged by the Company hrough a writ petition in the Honourable Iahore High Court ("LHC"). The Court has granted stay against charging of the GIDC under the GIDC Act, 2015. On 30 September 2017, the LHC transferred the case to High Power Committee ("HPC") formed vide LHC order. The case s pending before HPC. The Company has not made provision of GIDC amounting to Rs. 241.19 million (30 June 2019: Rs. 217.09 million) in the financial statements as the management, based on legal opinion, is confident that the eventual decision will be in favour of the Company.
S.1.3 The Company paid sui gas industrial bills based on gas tariff at Rs. 488 per MMBTU and Rs. 573 per MMBTU for captive power meter, as compared to the bill raised by SNGPL at Rs. 600 per MMBTU. The Honorable Lahore High Court ("LHC"), in January 2018, set aside the emand of SNGPL at Rs. 600 per MMBTU and case was decided in favour of the Company. However, SNGPL preferred an appeal before e Supreme Court of Pakistan which is pending adjudication. Till April 2019, the Company has not made provision of the difference e ariff which in aggregate amounts to Rs. 136.12 million ( 30 June 2019: Rs. 136.12 million) in financial statements as the management, baser on legal opinion, is contident that the eventual decision will be in favour of the Company. Subsequent to April 2019, the Company is paying the bills raised by SNGPL at the notified tariff of Rs. 1,021 per MMBTU.

# Murree Brewery Company Limited <br> Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) For the six months ended 31 December 2019 

5.1.4 The Company, along-with several other bottling / beverage companies, is in litigation arising from a suo moto notice of the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan (case no 26 of 2018) regarding use of ground / surface water. The Company has contested the decision of the Honorable Supreme Court and has filed a review petition through its legal counsel. Further, the Company has received notice from the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa on account of water charges. The Company has filed writ petition in the Peshawar High Court against recovery of billed amounts.

Since both the above matters are pending before the Honorable Superior Courts, no provision has been made in these financial statements as the management, based on legal opinion, is confident that the eventual decision will be in favour of the Company in both the above cases.
5.1.5 At the reporting date there is no change in the status of the tax contingencies except for the items mentioned below. For details, notes 37.3 to 37.5 of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019 are to be referred.
5.1.6 Tax assessments up to and including the tax year 2019, except for tax years 2013, 2015 \& 2018, have been finalized. However, the tax authorities are empowered to reopen these assessments within five years from the end of the financial year in which these returns were filed. There were no change to status of tax litigations as disclosed in the annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2019 except that demand orders were received for tax years 2013,2015 and 2018 which upon appeal by the Company have been remanded back to the assessing officers during the period. COMMITMENTS
5.2.1 The Company outstanding Letter of Credit for the import of machinery and inventory items valuing approximately Rs 294.55 million ( 30 June 2019 : Rs. 143.97 million)

# Murree Brewery Company Limited 

Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) For the six months ended 31 December 2019

6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

|  | Operating fixed assets |  | Capital woilotal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | in <br> progress | 7otal |
|  | Unaudited 31 December 2019 <br> (Rs. "000) |  |  |
| Balance at 01 July 2019 | 5,226,194 | 169,848 | 5,396,042 |
| Additions during the period | 116,670 | 36,360 | 153,030 |
| Transferred from capital work in progress | 169,282 | $(169,282)$ | - |
| Disposal during the period-net | $(3,796)$ | - | $(3,796)$ |
| Depreciation charge for the period | $(204,169)$ | - | $(204,169)$ |
| Balance at 31 December 2019 | 5,304,181 | 36,926 | 5,341,107 |

Balance at 01 July 2018
Additions during the year
Transferred from capital work in progress
Disposal during the year-net
Depreciation charge for the year
Balance at 30 June 2019

|  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Audited 30 June 2019 |  |  |
|  | (Rs in "000) |  |
| $4,635,033$ | 211,188 | $4,846,221$ |
| 410,537 | 510,647 | 921,184 |
| 551,987 | $(551,987)$ | - |
| $(16,885)$ | - | $(16,885)$ |
| $(354,478)$ | - | $(354,478)$ |
| $5,226,194$ | 169,848 | $5,396,042$ |

6.1 Additions in and depreciation on property plant \& equipment during the half year ended 31 December 2018 amounted to Rs. 541.4 million and Rs. 168.13 million respectively.

| 7 | CASH AND BANK BALANCES | Note | (Unaudited) 31-Dec-19 <br> (Rs in '000) | (Audited) <br> 30-Jun-19 <br> (Rs in '000) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cash in hand |  | 6,363 | 21,790 |
|  | Cash in transit |  | . | 19,809 |
|  | Banking instrument in hand |  | - | 150,000 |
|  | Cash at banks : |  |  |  |
|  | - in local currency |  | 716,763 | 934,634 |
|  | - in local currency deposit accounts | 7.1 | 469,688 | 518,122 |
|  | -in foreign currency deposit accounts | 7.2 | 47,979 | 50,097 |
|  |  |  | 1,234,430 | 1,502,853 |
|  |  |  | 1,240,793 | 1,694,452 |

Profit on local currency deposit accounts ranges from $11.75 \%$ to $12.62 \%$ ( 30 June $2019: 5.64 \%$ to $11.62 \%$ ) per annum respectively.
This carries interest rate of 0.35\% (30 June 2019: 0.35\%) per annum.

# Murree Brewery Company Limited <br> Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) For the six months ended 31 December 2019 

| Note | Six months ended |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 31-Dec-19 } \\ \text { (Rs '000) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 31-Dec-18 } \\ \text { (Rs } 000 \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 8.1 | 3,351,795 | 3,317,032 |
|  | 70,007 | 82,176 |
|  | 378,413 | 230,189 |
|  | 282,709 | 239,702 |
|  | 84,025 | 49,083 |
|  | 183,953 | 155,328 |
|  | 104,014 | 98,933 |
|  | 39,522 | 39,015 |
|  | 4,494,438 | 4,211,458 |

Raw material consumed
Stores and spares consumed
Fuel and power consumed
Salaries and wages
Repair and maintenance
Depreciation
Cost to fulfill a contract - transporiation
Other manufacturing overheads

| $\mathbf{2 0 1 , 2 7 6}$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $(\mathbf{2 0 8 , 0 0 9 )}$ | | 239,822 |
| ---: |
| $(225,325)$ |
| $\mathbf{( 6 , 7 3 3 )}$ |
| $\mathbf{4 , 4 8 7 , 7 0 5}$ |

Work in process - opening
Work in process - closing
Cost of goods manufactured

| $\mathbf{1 5 2 , 6 7 2}$ |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| $(\mathbf{2 8 3 , 4 5 3 )}$ | 199,640 <br> $(211,291)$ |
| $(\mathbf{1 3 0 , 7 8 1 )}$ | $(11,651)$ |
| $(\mathbf{1 , 0 0 9 , 3 9 8 )}$ | $(1,077,764)$ |
| $\mathbf{3 , 3 4 7 , 5 2 6}$ | $3,136,540$ |

8. 1 Raw material consumed

Opening stock
Purchases

| $\mathbf{1 , 0 5 7 , 0 7 2}$ |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{3 , 3 3 0 , 0 1 8}$ | 781,467 |
| $4,387,090$ | $3,309,544$ |
| $(\mathbf{1 , 0 3 5 , 2 9 5 )}$ | $(773,979)$ |
| $\mathbf{3 , 3 5 1 , 7 9 5}$ | $3,317,032$ |

8.2 Pursuant to application of IFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers" with effect from 01 July 2018, certain transportation cost amounting to Rs. 98.9 million for the six months ended 31 December 2018 has been reclassified from "trade discounts" to "Cost of Sales" presented as "Cost to fulfill a contract - transportation*.
Finished goods:
Finished goods - opening
Finished goods - closing
Less: Inter division transfers

Less : Closing stock

| Quarter ended 31 December |  | Six months ended 31 December |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 |
| 213,959 | 295,248 | 588,665 | 657,863 |
| 27,663,630 | 27,663,630 | 27,663,630 | 27,663,630 |
| 7.73 | 10.67 | 21.28 | 23.78 |

# Murree Brewery Company Limited <br> Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) For the six months ended 31 December 2019 

10 Segment information
10.1 Information about reportable segments

The detail of utilization of the Company's assets by the divisions as well as related liabilities is as follows
a. For the six months ended

31 December 2019
Third party turnover - net
Inter-segment turnover
Segment profit / (loss) before tax
31 December 2018
Inter-segment turnover
Segment profit / (loss) before tax
b. Assets

31 December 2019 (unaudited)
30 June 2019 - audited
c. Liabilities

31 December 2019 (unaudited)
30 June 2019 - audited
d. Additions to
property, plant and equipment
31 December 2019 (unaudited)
30 June 2019 (Audited)
Other income
31 December 2019 (unaudited)
31 December 2018 (unaudited)
Net finance income
31 December 2019 (unaudited)
31 December 2018 (unaudited)
c. Depreciation

31 December 2019 (unaudited)
31 December 2018 (unaudited)
10.2 Reconciliation of reportable segment profit or loss

Total profit before tax for reportable segments
Unallocated amount - operating expenses
Unallocated amounts - other income
Unallocated amounts - finance income
Net profit before tax

| Liquor division | Glass <br> divixion | Tops division | Corporate Office | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Rs. '000) | (Rs. '000) | (R. ${ }^{\text {'000) }}$ | (Rs. '000) | R. '000) |



| 6,540,453 | 898,648 | 1,784,797 | 2,459,415 | 11,683,313 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6,903,853 | 745,171 | 1,894,415 | 2,208,630 | 11,752,069 |
| 615,950 | 76,685 | 367,448 | 423,560 | 1,483,643 |
| 674,649 | 57,458 | 464,026 | 529.977 | 1,726,110 |


Murree Brewery Company Limited
Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited)
For the six months ended 31 December 2019


# Murree Brewery Company Limited <br> Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) For the six months ended 31 December 2019 

| Note | Liquor (Rs '000) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Glass } \\ \text { (Rs '000) } \end{gathered}$ | Tops (Rs '000) | $\begin{gathered} 31-\text { Dec-19 } \\ \text { (Rs '000) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 31-Dec-18 } \\ & \text { (Rs 000) } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10.5 | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 2,252,098 \\ 29,444 \\ 159,061 \\ 147,876 \\ 32,025 \\ 58,037 \\ 59,437 \\ 12,822 \end{array}$ | 233,540 40,245 185,891 61,944 22,903 69,843 - 9,601 | 866,157 318 33,461 72,889 29,097 56,073 44,577 17,099 | $3,351,795$ 70,007 378,413 282,709 84,025 183,953 104,014 39,522 | $3,317,032$ 82,176 230,189 239,702 49,083 155,328 98,933 39,015 |
|  | 2,750,800 | 623,967 | 1,119,671 | 4,494,438 | 4,211,458 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r\|} \hline 186,756 \\ (183,242) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,445 \\ (1,445) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,075 \\ (23,322) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r\|} \hline 201,276 \\ (208,009) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 239,822 \\ (225,325) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  | 3,514 | - | $(10,247)$ | $(6,733)$ | 14,497 |
|  | 2,754,314 | 623,967 | 1,109,424 | 4,487,705 | 4,225,955 |

Finished goods:
Finished goods - opening
Finished goods - closing
Less: Inter division transfers
10.5 Raw material consumed

Opening stock
Purchases
Less : Closing stock

| 63,726 |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $(\mathbf{1 1 5 , 3 0 4 )}$ | 23,553 |  |  |  |
| $(51,578)$ | $(86,337)$ | $\mathbf{6 5 , 3 9 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 2 , 6 7 2}$ | 199,640 |
| $(731,188)$ | $(62,784)$ | $(16,412)$ | $(283,453)$ | $(211,291)$ |
| $1,971,548$ |  |  |  |  |


| 749,872 | 24,581 | 282,619 | 1,057,072 | 781,467 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2,169,058 | 238,420 | 922,540 | 3,330,018 | 3,309,544 |
| 2,918,930 | 263,001 | 1,205,159 | 4,387,090 | 4,091,011 |
| $(666,832)$ | $(29,461)$ | $(339,002)$ | (1,035,295) | $(773,979)$ |
| 2,252,098 | 233,540 | 866,157 | 3,351,795 | 3,317,032 |

# Murree Brewery Company Limited <br> Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) For the six months ended 31 December 2019 

## Transaction with related parties

Related parties comprise of directors, entities over which the directors are able to exercise significant influence, entities with common directors, major shareholders, staff retirement funds and key management personnel. The transactions and balances as of this reporting date with the related parties are disclosed as follows:

| Name of related party | Nature of relationship | Percentage of share holding | Nature of transaction during the year | Six months ended 31 December |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 2019 \\ \text { (Rs.'000) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2018 \\ \text { (Rs. } 000 \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1) D.P Edulji \& Company (Private) Ltd | Associated Company on account of common directorship | 16.89 | Sales commission Services acquired Dividend | $\begin{array}{r} 67,873 \\ 7,500 \\ 70,094 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 88,999 6,900 21,830 |
| 2) Kingsway Fund | Associated Company | 29.12 | Dividend | 162,097 | 40,841 |
| 3) Board of Directors | Directors | 20.29 | Dividend | 84,194 | 25,232 |
| 4) Directors' relatives | Directors' relatives | 14.4 | Dividend | 59,737 | 15,214 |
| 5) Staff retirement plan Provident fund | Staff retirement funds | Nil | Contribution by the Company | 3,856 | 3,265 |
| 6) Staff retirement plan - Pension fund | Staff retirement funds | Nil | Contribution by the Company | 2,466 | 2,345 |
| 7) Bhandara Foundation | Chief Executive Officer acts as a Trustee | Nil | Contribution by the Company | 1,500 | 1,500 |
| 8) Atlas Asset Management Limited | Investment | Nil | Investment in Money Market Fund | - | 100,000 |

11.1 The aggregate amounts charged for the remuneration including benefits and perquisites to Chief Executive Officer and executives at the reporting date were Rs 6.8 million and Rs 17 million ( 31 December 2018; Rs. 6.8 million and Rs. 7.8 million) respectively. Further, free furmished accommodation has been provided to the chief executive officer and executives. Company maintained vehicles have also been provided to the chief executive officer and executives; the values of which were Rs. 12.89 million (31 December 2018: Rs.9.7 million).
Murree Brewery Company Limited Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited
For the six months ended 31 December 2019

|27|
Murree Brewery Company Limited

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Note} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Carrying amount} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Fair value} \\
\hline \& Fair value through profit and loss \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Amortized Cost \\
(Rs.
\end{tabular} \& Financial liabilities at amortized cost \& Total \& Level 1 \& Level 2

(Rs. \& Level 3

0) \& Total <br>
\hline \& 6 \& - \& - \& 6 \& 6 \& - \& - \& 6 <br>
\hline \& 1,337,173 \& - \& - \& 1,337,173 \& 1,337,173 \& - \& - \& 1,337,173 <br>
\hline \& 1,337,179 \& . \& . \& 1,337,179 \& 1,337,179 \& - \& - \& 1,37, 7 , 79 <br>
\hline \& - \& 11,335 \& - \& 11,335 \& - \& - \& - \& - <br>
\hline \& - \& 531,717 \& - \& 531,717 \& - \& 382.433 \& - \& 382,433 <br>
\hline \& 31,711 \& . \& - \& 31,711 \& - \& . \& - \& . <br>
\hline 12.4 \& - \& 14,563 \& - \& 14,563 \& - \& - \& - \& - <br>
\hline 12.2 \& - \& 24,312 \& - \& 24,312 \& $\cdot$ \& - \& $\cdot$ \& - <br>
\hline 7 \& 12.4 \& - \& 1,694,452 \& - \& 1,694,452 \& - \& - \& - \& - <br>
\hline \& 31,711 \& 2,276,379 \& . \& 2,208,090 \& . \& 382,433 \& . \& 382,433 <br>
\hline 12.4 \& - \& - \& 182,234 \& 182,234 \& - \& - \& - \& - <br>
\hline 12.3 \& 12.4 \& - \& - \& 489,722 \& 489,722 \& - \& - \& - \& - <br>
\hline 12.4 \& - \& - \& 59,188 \& 59,188 \& - \& - \& - \& - <br>
\hline 12.4 \& . \& . \& 98,477 \& 98,477 \& . \& . \& . \& . <br>
\hline \& . \& . \& 829.621 \& 829,621 \& . \& . \& . \& . <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

12.3 It excludes contract liabilities, withholding tax payable, sales tax payable - net, excise duty payable, export duty payable on PMFL and beer, unearned income, Worker's Welfare Fund (WWF) and Zila tax payable. 12.4 The Company has not disclosed the fair values for these fimancial assets and financial liabilities because their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value.
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# Murree Brewery Company Limited <br> Notes to condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) <br> For the six months ended 31 December 2019 

## 13 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been reclassified for the purposes of comparison and better presentation. These reclassifications have no impact on previously reported profit or equity.

DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These condensed interim unaudited financial statements was approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on 25 February 2020.

## 15 NON ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE

15.1 The Board of Directors in their meeting held on 25 February 2020, has declared an interim cash dividend @ $100 \%$ (i.e. Rs 10 per share) for the year ending 30 June 2020.

## GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of rupees, unless otherwise stated


